



SYSTEM OF NARCOTICS IDENTIFICATION


TEST G - Scott Reagent (Modified)

FOR: Cocaine Salts and Cocaine Base

Test Function

1. This reagent system presumptively identifies Cocaine Salts and Cocaine Base.

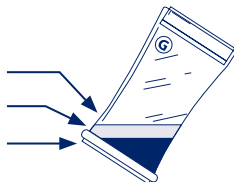
How to Use Test G

1. Remove clip and insert into the test pouch an amount of powdered suspect material that would fit inside this circle.  Reseal with clip and tap gently to assure material falls to bottom of pack.
2. With the printed side of the pouch facing you, break the glass ampoules from left to right. Break by squeezing the center of the ampoule with the tips of thumb and forefinger.
3. Break the left ampoule and agitate gently. A blue color will develop in the presence of Cocaine Salts. In the case of Cocaine Base (Crack), only the material will turn blue. If a blue color does not develop within a few seconds, add more suspect material. If a blue color still does not develop, terminate the test.
4. After receiving a blue result from the first ampoule, break the middle ampoule and agitate gently. The blue color will turn pink.
5. Break the right ampoule and agitate gently. Allow the layers to separate. A pink upper layer and a blue lower layer indicates Cocaine.
NOTE: A violet (lavender) color may develop in the presence of some Cocaine base samples. Bubbling caused by excipient materials will be evident as the lavender color develops. Open the test pouch again to release these gases, then close the pouch and proceed with the testing procedure.

Development of a blue color that transfers to the lower layer is a positive test for Cocaine

Pink Upper Layer

Blue Lower Layer



Interpretation of Resulting Colors

1. The proper color sequence for Cocaine is Blue or Blue specks in a Pink field > Pink > Pink over Blue.
2. The proper color sequence for some Cocaine base samples is Lavender or Blue > Pink > Pink over Blue.
3. It is advisable that this test be used in conjunction with others in the Polytesting System.

CAUTION

No attempt should be made to crush glass particles after ampoules are broken.

Since these tests contain strong acid, it is suggested that Test F (Acid Neutralizer) be used after testing and before disposal. Before discarding used test packs, remove clip and add one measure of acid neutralizer from Test F. Add slowly to prevent bubbling over. Do not reseal the test pouch until effervescence has stopped completely. Reseal the test pouch with clip and discard in a tamper-free disposal unit.

Antidote: In case of contact, immediately flush eyes or skin with water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Call a physician. If swallowed, do not give emetics. Contact a physician.

WARNING

These tests are NOT designed for use with liquid samples.



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