

VHF 104

Very High Frequencies Analyzer

MATERIALS CHARACTERIZATION AT ITS BEST!

VHF 104 is an innovative Dynamic Mechanical Analyzer that offers a direct experimental method to measure the materials' viscoelastic properties over a very high frequencies range from 100 Hz up to 10 kHz.

metravib-design.com



Such a test requires only a few minutes, while traditional approach using DMA low frequency test on several temperature stages, requires a few hours test and a calculation through WLF law.

MAIN ASSETS

- High frequency range: 100 Hz up to 10 kHz
- Temperature range: -50°C up to 110°C
- Strain range: up to 30%
- Tension-compression mode
- Shear mode
- Short test duration (about 5 minutes)

METHOD PRINCIPLE

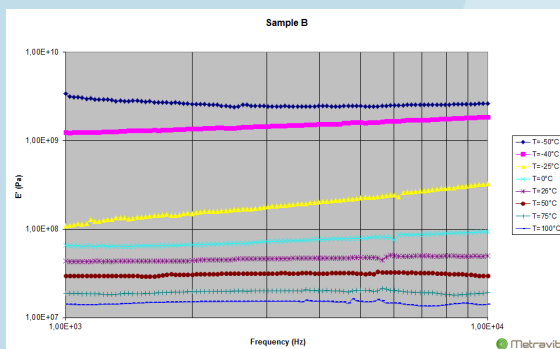
A sinusoidal excitation is applied to a specimen of material submitted to a free mass at the other extremity.

Accelerations at both extremities of the specimen are measured. Their transfer function allows to calculate directly the viscoelastic properties of the material over a wide frequency domain (up to 10 kHz).

COMPOSITION

VHF 104 consists in a mechanical cabinet including:

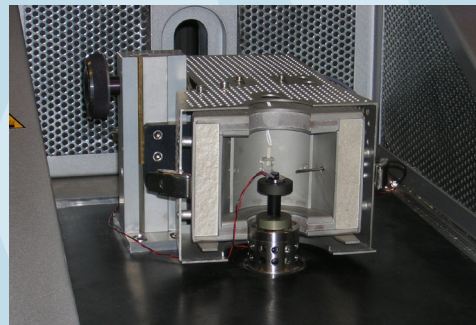
- Test frame including electrodynamic shaker
- Power amplifier
- Electronic interface
- Tension-compression specimen-holder
- Shear specimen-holder (option)
- Thermal chamber (option)
- Cryogenic source (option)



VHF 104 allows optimizing the laboratory's productivity in meeting the requirements of industrials who wish to rapidly analyze large number of formulations of materials.

MAIN USES

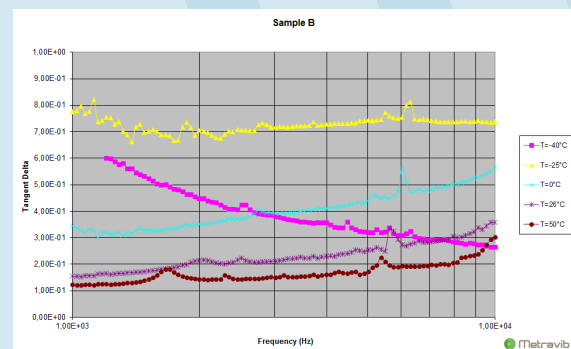
- Elastomer high frequency testing
- Porous materials acoustic properties



MAIN TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

- Frequency range: 100 Hz up to 10 kHz*
- Strain range: $10E-6$ up to 30%*
- Temperature range: room temperature
- Temperature range/ option 1: room to 110°C
- Temperature range/ option 2: -50°C /room

*usable frequency range may depends on specimen geometry & material's nature



DATA COMPARISON WITH CONVENTIONAL DMA

Tests performed with the VHF 104 reveal a very good cross checking with conventional DMA.

Beside VHF 104 data are compared with data measured by a METRAVIB DMA+150; the DMA+ test has been performed over a frequency range from 5Hz up to 200Hz; the same frequency sweep has been applied over 20 temperature stages. Using the FTS function of DYNATEST software, the WLF principle has been applied to extrapolate the data to a larger frequency range (0.1 Hz up to 5 kHz). The resulting master curves are compared to direct measurements obtained with the VHF 104 in a much faster test: 5 minutes instead of a couple of hours.

