

Educator Guide:

Phonics for Reading ©2024-2025



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Phonics for Reading

This guide is intended to help you get started with using *Phonics for Reading* ©2024–2025.

Fo	r Teachers
	How to Get Started with <i>Phonics for Reading</i>
	Identify Students Who Will Benefit from Intervention
	Plan Staffing and Implementation
	Administer the Placement Test
	Group Students by Level
	Begin Teaching with the Teacher's Guide
	Pace Your Instruction
	Monitor Progress
	Expect Results
Fo	r Leaders

It's never too late to learn to read.

Older striving readers can learn to decode.

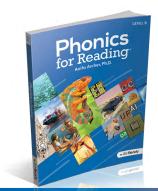
Authored by reading expert Dr. Anita Archer, *Phonics for Reading* is a systematic, research-based intervention program that helps students in Grades 3-12 rapidly build the skills they need to become fluent, independent readers. Phonics for Reading provides explicit instruction in phonics and phonemic awareness as well as support for fluency and comprehension.

Designed to appeal to older students, each level features consistent teaching routines, repeated practice, and immediate corrective feedback. Some students may only need Level C. Others may need to start at Level A or Level B, depending on their proficiency.



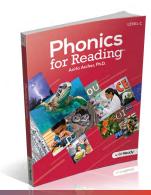
LEVEL A Short vowels Double consonants Consonant blends

Consonant digraphs



LEVEL B

Vowel teams CVCe words *r*-Controlled vowels Word endings



LEVEL C

Vowel teams Minor sounds for c and q Minor sounds for ow, oo, and ea Prefixes and suffixes



Authored by an Expert

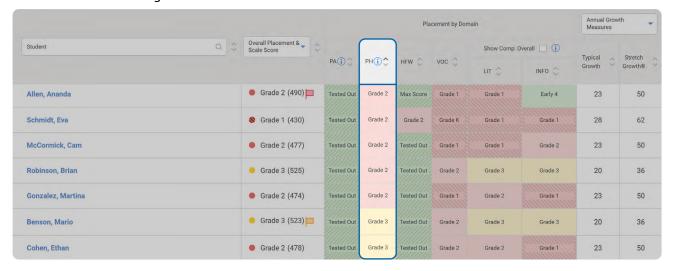
Dr. Anita Archer serves as a consultant to school districts and state departments of education on explicit instruction and literacy. She has presented in all 50 states and many countries and is the recipient of 10 awards honoring her contributions to education. Dr. Archer has served on the faculties of three universities, including University of Washington, University of Oregon, and San Diego State University. She has authored or co-authored numerous curriculum materials, including Phonics for Reading.

How to Get Started with Phonics for Reading

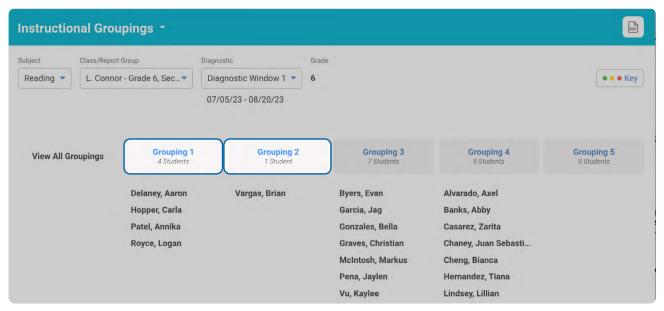
1. Identify Students Who Will Benefit from Intervention

Start with *i-Ready.* Use the results from *i-Ready*'s adaptive Diagnostic to identify which students need phonics support, focusing on students enrolled in Grades 3–12.

• **Use Diagnostic Results.** On the Diagnostic Results (Class) report, teachers can sort by domain in the Phonics (i.e., PH) column to identify the individual students in their class who need additional support. Starting at Grade 3, any student who has placed One or More Grade Levels Below in Phonics will benefit from *Phonics for Reading*.



Or use the Instructional Groupings report. Teachers, reading specialists, and school building leaders can
use the Instructional Groupings report to identify older students placing One or More Grade Levels Below in
Phonics in Grouping 1 or Grouping 2.



2. Plan Staffing and Implementation

Phonics for Reading can be taught by a wide range of staff, including classroom teachers, reading specialists, interventionists, and paraprofessionals. Lessons follow repeated routines, and the Teacher's Guide includes a script that makes it easy to teach Phonics, even for teachers who do not have experience teaching foundational reading skills.

Consider the staffing and implementation model that works best for your school.

Implementation Models				
Model	lel Group Size Time Recommended		i	
Pull-Out Intervention	 Outside the classroom Group of two to ten students* 	30–45 min. a day	4–5 days a week	
Push-In Intervention	Inside the classroomGroup of one to four students*	30–45 min. a day	4–5 days a week	
Small Group Rotation	Inside the classroomPart of small group timeGroup of two to four students	30–45 min. a day	3–4 days a week	
Individual Instruction	Inside or outside the classroomOne student at a time	30–45 min. a day	4–5 days a week	
Walk to Read	 Students switch rooms across classes or across grades for differentiated instruction. Groups of two to ten students* 	30–45 min. a day	4–5 days a week	
Summer School	 Summer school program Groups of two to ten students* 	90–180 min. a day (1–2 lessons)	4–5 days a week	

^{*}If your school has limited staffing resources, you can be flexible about the number in each group. While smaller groups are ideal, students will make progress in groups as large as 15-20.

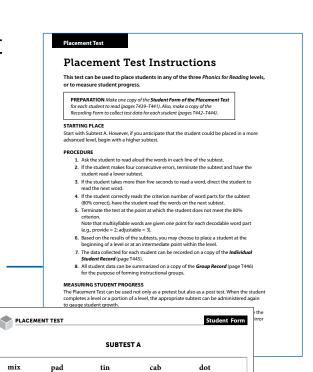
3. Administer the Placement Test

Phonics for Reading starts your students where they can be successful. A systematic, sequential scope and sequence builds their skills—and their confidence—from there.

Administer the *Phonics for Reading* Placement Test.

Spend a few minutes with each student to place them in one of the three levels of Phonics for Reading.

- Access this test in the back of your Teacher's Guide, on Teacher Toolbox, or through the Digital Resources site.
- Administer the Placement Test one-on-one with each student.
- Instructions for administration are available on the first page.
- This short, fast-paced test will take approximately five minutes for each student to complete.



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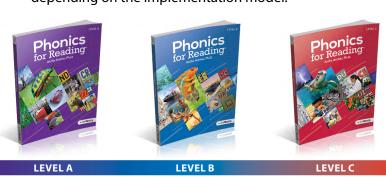
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4. Group Students by Level

Create groups based on student performance.

After administering the Placement Test and determining the placement level for each student, summarize student data on the Group Record document (found in the back of your Teacher's Guide, on Teacher Toolbox, or through the Digital Resources site).

- Begin the list with the name of the student who had the lowest performance and end with the name of the student who had the highest performance. (This allows you to see which students placed at similar levels to form instructional groups.)
- Determine how best to group students based on Placement Test results and how many groups your schedule allows.
- The recommended group sizes are two to ten students depending on the implementation model.



PLACEMENT TEST		Group Record	
Group Record: Determine the placement level for each student. The placement level will be the			
owest level at which the student did not meet the 80% cr			
he name of the student who had the lowest performance			
he student who had the highest performance. Use this da	ata for grouping students.		
NAME OF STUDENT	NAME OF STUDENT PLACEMENT LEVEL		
	Level	Subtest	

5. Begin Teaching with the Teacher's Guide

Phonics for Reading cannot be taught from the Student Book alone. Use scripted lessons in the Teacher's Guide in sequential order. Each lesson follows predictable procedures for teaching new skills to students.

	LEVEL B
UNIT 1	
Lesson 1	
Phonics Skill(s): <i>ai, ay</i> Word Ending(s): -ed	
Say Sounds	T3 T7 T8 T9
Lesson 2	
Phonics Skill(s): <i>ai, ay</i> Word Ending(s): -ed	
Say Sounds	T13 T16 T17 T18
Lesson 3	
Phonics Skill(s): ai, ay Word Ending(s): -ed	
Say Sounds	T23 T27 T27 T28
৺ Unit 1 Check-Up	T32

Say Sounds

Students practice the target sound along with other previously learned sounds.

Read Words

The target skill (i.e., letter or letter combination) is presented in single-syllable and multisyllabic words. Instructional activities provide practice in high-frequency words; word families; base words and word endings -ed, -ing, and -er (Level B only); prefixes and suffixes (Level C only); and multisyllabic words with prefixes and suffixes (Level C only).

Read Sentences*

Students read sentences containing words with new and previously taught skills and high-frequency words, focusing on accuracy, fluency, and expression.

Spell Words

Students encode single-syllable and multisyllabic words. They also write a dictated sentence.

Read Text

Students read developmentally appropriate decodable text. They practice reading fluently and answer questions about the text.

Independent Practice

Students complete independent practice activities by decoding single-syllable and multisyllabic words with known sounds.

^{*}Read Sentences is introduced beginning with Level A, Lesson 17.

6. Pace Your Instruction

Teach Phonics for Reading four to five days a week. Teach a lesson in the number of sessions that fits your daily schedule using the table to the right as a guide. Please note that activities found in each routine (e.g., Say Sounds, Read Words) vary by level. The instructional time of each lesson depends on several factors:

- The level of *Phonics for Reading* you are teaching (Levels B and C take more time than Level A.)
- · Number of students in the group
- · Proficiency of students
- Pace of instruction (Adhering to the script will keep a brisk pace.)
- Whether the independent work is done during or after sessions

Three Options			
Number of Sessions	Length of Session	Pacing	
COMPLETE IN 3 SESSIONS	30 minutes each	First Session Say Sounds through Spell Words Second Session Read Text Third Session Independent Practice	
COMPLETE IN 2 SESSIONS	35–45 minutes each	First Session	
COMPLETE IN 1 SESSION	75–90 minutes each	First Session Say Sounds through Spell Words Read Text Independent Practice	

The table above can be found in your Teacher's Guide on page A22 in Levels A and B and on page A24 in Level C.

7. Monitor Progress

Monitor progress frequently after instruction begins. Opportunities are provided throughout *Phonics for* Reading to ensure student learning during lessons, after each unit, and after each level. Different students will progress at different rates.

During Lessons	After Each Unit	After Each Level
Use Monitor and Adjust boxes to provide immediate corrective feedback. Use optional one-minute Fluency Checks to measure student progress (Levels B and C only).	Use Unit Check-Ups to monitor student knowledge of specific skills taught in the unit.	Use the Placement Test as a posttest at the end of each level. Alternatively, you can use the Posttest found on the Teacher Toolbox and the Digital Resources site. Either test may also be administered at the end of the school year to measure student growth.

Expect Results

Students may advance through multiple levels in a year. Phonics for Reading is designed to accelerate student learning, and you will get the best results if you teach it four or five days a week. See how quickly your students can progress, depending on the time available.

Phonics for Reading Levels		If you teach it	You could complete it in	
Level A	Short vowelsDouble consonants	30–45 min. a day, 4 days a week	20–30 weeks	
Level A	Consonant blendsConsonant digraphs	30–45 min. a day, 5 days a week	16-23 weeks	
	Vowel teamsCVCe words	30–45 min. a day, 4 days a week	21–32 weeks	
Level B	 r-Controlled vowels Word endings 	30–45 min. a day, 5 days a week	17–25 weeks	
Level C	 Vowel teams Minor sounds for c and g Minor sounds for ow, oo, and ea Prefixes and suffixes 	30–45 min. a day, 4 days a week	24–36 weeks	
		30–45 min. a day, 5 days a week	19–29 weeks	

Guidance for Ordering Student Books

Step 1: Choose a Tool to Support Ordering



Contact Your Support Team

If your school uses i-Ready, reach out to your Implementation Support team for help identifying the students who will benefit from Phonics for Reading. They will provide guidance on the number of books from each level to order based on data from your most recent i-Ready Diagnostic.



Reading Screener

Place your Student Book order based on the results of the *i-Ready Diagnostic* or other reading screener. Look for students in Grades 3-12 placing below grade level in Phonics. If you use *i-Ready*, use the Diagnostic Results export to identify students placing One or More Grade Levels Below in Phonics. To access this export, follow the steps below.



Placement

Administer the *Phonics for Reading* Placement Test before placing your book order. (See Step 3: Administer the Placement Test on page 4.) The Placement Test provides the most accurate data to order Student Books because the results place students in one of the three Phonics for Reading levels. Many educators, however, prefer to use this test closer to the start of actual instruction.

- 1. Select **Reports** from the top navigation menu.
- 2. Select **All Exports** for the category.
- 3. Select **Reading** under *Diagnostic Results* Export.
- 4. Select a **Population** and **Diagnostic** to Include. We recommend selecting All Diagnostics YTD.
- 5. Select data to include in the export.
- 6. Select Create Export.

Once you have downloaded the **Diagnostic Results export:**

- Filter out students in Grades K-2.
- Find the column labeled Phonics Relative Placement.
- Sort for students who are One Grade Level Below, Two Grade Levels Below, or Three or More Grade Levels Below.
- For those students, review the **Phonics Placement column** (to the left of Phonics Relative Placement column) for the information you will need to match students to materials.



Step 2: Determine Which Books Students Need

Pick the option that best meets your needs. Depending on their level, some students will need one level of Phonics for Reading. Others may require multiple levels. Choose one of the following options.



Order the books your students need to get started and the subsequent book.

Order books based on your students' current placement and subsequent placement (e.g., Order the Level A and Level B book for a student placing at Grade Level K or 1). This accounts for students who may advance through two levels in a year.



OPT Order the books your students need to get

Order the first book students need. Use this table to find your starting point, knowing students will eventually need the next book to progress through the program.

Each student at Grade 3 or higher				
Who places at this level in Phonics	will need these <i>Phonics for Reading</i> books.			
	Level A	Level B	Level C	
Grade Level K or 1	•	•		
Grade Level 2		•	•	
Grade Level 3*			•	

Each student at Grade 3 or higher				
Who places at this level in Phonics	will need these <i>Phonics for</i> Reading books.			
	Level A	Level B	Level C	
Grade Level K or 1	•			
Grade Level 2		•		
Grade Level 3*			•	

^{*}We do not recommend chronological Grade 3 students who place at Early or Mid 3 in Phonics receive *Phonics for Reading* intervention. Grade 3 students should only receive intervention if they place one or more grade levels below their chronological grade in Phonics.

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The academic growth that my students have shown since using *Phonics for Reading* in the beginning is just exponential.

They are more confident and I can tell that they see their growth!

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—Donna B., Educator, Florida

Get inspired by how other educators are maximizing their *Phonics for Reading* experience!



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