

Classroom Mathematics

California

Teacher Toolbox

Resource Sampler



GRADE

7

Engaging Resources to Drive Student Growth

The Teacher Toolbox for *Classroom Mathematics California* is an important part of your digital experience and companion to your Teacher's Guide, as it houses many of the resources you need to deliver effective core mathematics instruction. You'll see references to specific Teacher Toolbox resources throughout the Teacher's Guide, pointing you to materials you can use for whole class instruction and small group differentiation. The Teacher Toolbox resources are accessible through the Teacher Digital Experience via i-ReadyConnect.com.

Easily Access All Grades K–8 Resources on the Teacher Toolbox:

- Activity Sheets ^{E/S}
- Assessments (Lesson Quizzes, Assessment Notes Recording Sheet, and Unit Assessments—Forms A and B) ^{E/S}
- Centers Library ^{E/S}
- Cumulative Practice ^{E/S}
- Digital Math Tools Powered by Desmos
- Graphic Organizers ^{E/S}
- Games (Unit Level for Grades K–8 and Grades Level for Grades K–2) ^{E/S}
- Enrichment Activities ^{E/S}
- Family Letters ^{E/S}
- Fluency and Skills Practice ^{E/S}
- Implementation Support
- Interactive Tutorials ^{E/S}
- Literacy Connection Activities ^{E/S}
- Learning Activities (On Level, Below Level, and Above Level) ^{E/S}
- Student Worktext PDFs ^{E/S}
- PowerPoint® Slides ^{E/S}
- Teacher's Guide PDFs ^{E/S}
- Tools for Instruction ^{E/S}
- Unit Flow & Progression Videos (closed captioned in English and Spanish)

^{E/S} = Available in English and Spanish

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Grade 4 Teacher Toolbox Shown

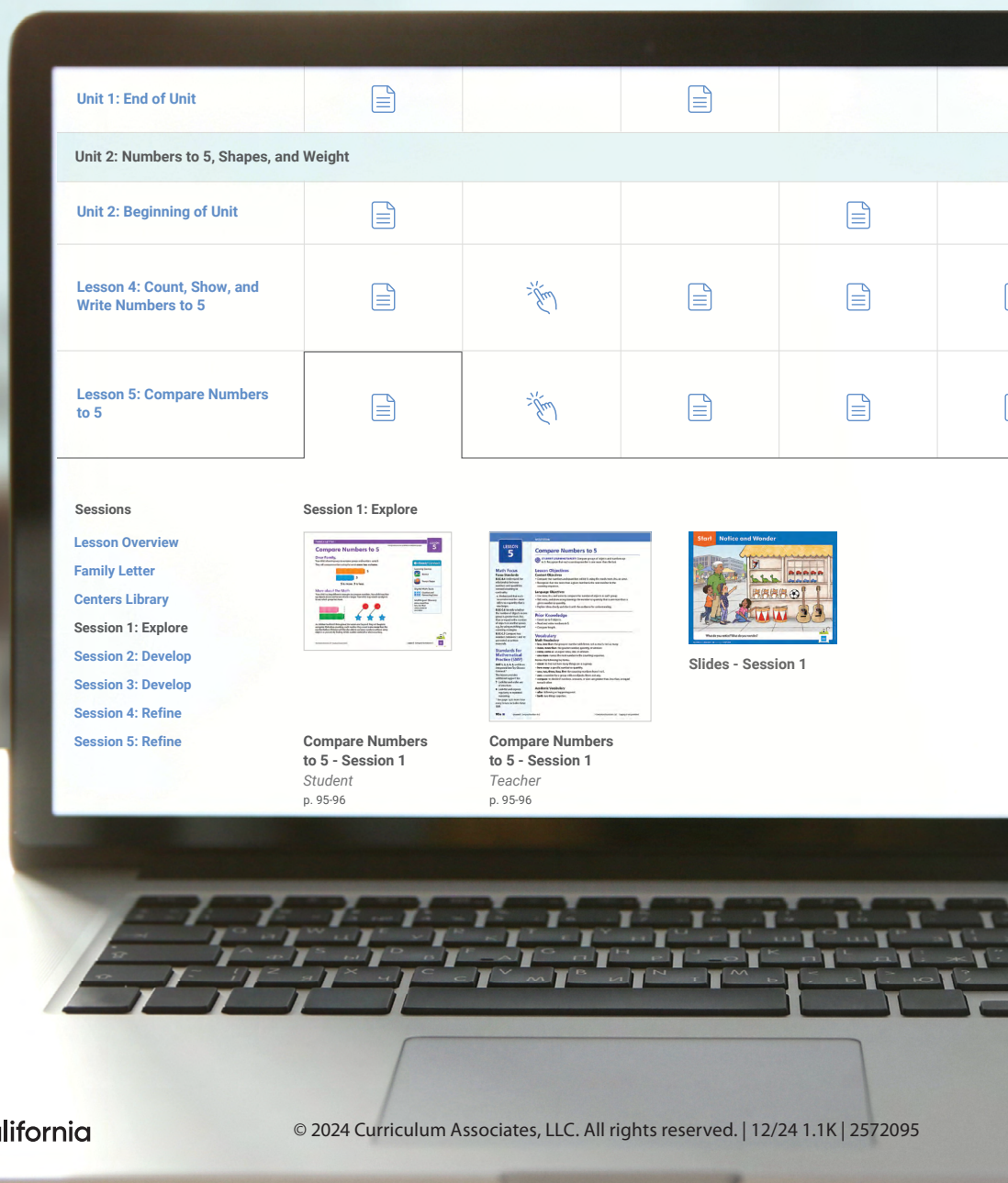


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This sampler includes some of the lesson- and unit-level resources available on Teacher Toolbox for **Unit 4: Algebraic Thinking: Expressions, Equations, and Inequalities, Lesson 18: Write and Solve Multi-Step Equations.**

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Check out the Teacher Digital Experience Walkthrough to see more digital resources!

Explore all Grades K–8 resources in your demo account. Review the Teacher Digital Experience Walkthrough to see how.



Program Implementation Support

A wealth of resources to help California educators implement *Classroom Mathematics California* as a core program, including digital versions of support found in your Teacher's Guide, plus Try–Discuss–Connect instructional framework details, pacing and correlations resources, Digital Math Tools powered by Desmos, Data Talk Displays, and more

Program

Classroom California ...

Subject

Math

Grade

K

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

Program Implementation

Classroom Resources

Classroom Resources (Spanish)

Assessment Practice

Whole Class Instruction			Small Group Differentiation			
Teach		Assess	Prepare	Reteach	Reinforce	Extend
Instruction & Practice	Interactive Tutorials	Lesson Quizzes & Unit Assessments	Prerequisite Lessons	Tools for Instruction	Math Center Activities	Enrichment Activities

Unit 1: Whole Numbers: Place Value, Comparison, Addition, and Subtraction

Teaching and Learning Resources

- Digital Math Tools Powered by Desmos and Supporting Videos
- Discourse Cards and Discourse Cube** ^{E/S}
- Activity Sheet Resources ^{E/S}
- Data Sets** ^{E/S}
- Graphic Organizer Resources ^{E/S}

Math Discourse Cards

These questions and sentence starters provide a way to engage all students in meaningful mathematical conversations. Post the cards around the classroom or hand them out to help students initiate and deepen conversations with partners, small groups, or the whole class.

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Make Sense of Problems and Persevere

Did anyone get a **different** answer?

Reason, Explain, and Critique

Does your partner's strategy make **sense**?

Reflect and Connect

What is **different** about your and your partner's strategies?

Sentence Starters

One thing I like about **my strategy** is ...

Discourse Card Example Shown

Data Sets			
Analyzing Hawk Data			
Math in Action Unit 5 Session 1			
Female Hawks		Male Hawks	
Mass (g)	Wing Length (mm)	Mass (g)	Wing Length (mm)
1,522	433	908	374
1,015	390	917	378
1,331	422	826	364
1,271	422	1,003	393
1,436	432	962	386
1,327	418	868	374
1,346	428	920	378
1,063	394	1,064	409
1,109	397	956	385
1,065	391	978	388
1,147	404	911	377
1,400	431	960	385
1,271	416	930	383
1,350	423	924	379
1,217	415	1,042	408
1,242	412	767	362
1,209	410	756	356
1,366	430	833	383
1,287	402	991	390
1,426	430	844	368

Grade 7 Data Sets Example Shown

^{E/S} = Available in English and Spanish

Implementation Support

- **UDL Process Toolkit**
- Integrating Prerequisites into Grade-Level Instruction
- Student Handbook ^{E/S}
- Multilingual Glossary
- Bilingual Glossary
- Spanish Glossary
- Academic Vocabulary Glossary ^{E/S}
- **Data Science Resources**
- Manipulative Lists
- Digital Resource Correlations
- Comprehension Check Correlations
- Spiral Review and Cumulative Practice Correlations
- Try-Discuss-Connect Framework Resources ^{E/S}
- Positive Learning Habits

UDL PROCESS TOOLKIT FOR CLASSROOM MATHEMATICS CALIFORNIA
UDL PROCESS PLANNER • GRADE 7 EXAMPLE

UDL Process Planner Grade 7 Example

Math focus: Identify the constant of proportionality from a description of a proportional relationship. Use proportional reasoning to solve ratio problems.

Instructional component and its purpose:
The Exit Ticket asks students to write and show how to solve a word problem involving a multi-step proportional relationship and share what they know. It lets the teacher identify and address a common error: writing the reciprocal for the constant of proportionality.

Students' strengths, experiences, and needs related to the math focus:

Strengths:

- SMP 4 – Students have previous experience modeling the constant of proportionality from word problems, diagrams, and xy tables.
- Students have real-world experiences they can use to create the context of their word problem.

Experiences:

- Students use proportional relationships in real life (e.g., doubling a recipe, budgeting for shopping).

Needs:

- Students may forget the second step in their answer.
- Need conceptual, not procedural, understanding of what a proportional relationship is.

Unit: 1
Lesson: 5
Session: 3

☐ Explore
☐ Develop
☒ Refine

1–3 Potential barriers to Engagement, Representation, Action & Expression:

- Students' responses are expected to be written, in English, and in complete sentences, with minimal time. Potential barrier to Expression.
- Students may struggle to quickly generate novel problem context independently. Potential barrier to Engagement and Expression.
- Teacher planning: Unable to see all students' Exit Tickets (i.e., Exit Tickets are in student books, which are taken home).

Relevant supports to leverage:

1–2 Embedded supports:

- Use a Collect and Display chart to capture a variety of models and sentence structures
- Students get to create their own relevant and interesting problem contexts.
- Students can use a graphing calculator to make tables, solve problems, and check work.

1–3 Additional support opportunities:

- Before students start, brainstorm a list of contexts that use proportions.
- Offer choice of response method: type, write in students' home language, draw a picture to model the problem and solution.
- Provide ample time and allow those who do not finish to turn it in the next day. Have children write their Exit Ticket response on a sheet of paper, sticky note, or whiteboard for the teacher to collect.

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Grade 7 UDL Process Toolkit Shown

DATA INVESTIGATION | OUT OF STEP
UNIT 4

SAMPLE DATA

Sample Data: Class Letter Strings (optional)

Letter Strings	Number of Students
ADBE	
BACE	
ACBE	
EDB	
ABCE	
BEC	

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Grade 7 Data Investigation Example Shown

Lesson-Level Resources

Lesson 18: Write and Solve Multi-Step Equations

Additional Practice

Fluency and Skills Practice 7

Differentiation

Reteach: Tools for Instruction 8

Reinforce: Differentiated Learning Activities

 On Level 10

 Below Level 13

 Above Level 16

Extend: Enrichment Activity. 19

Assessment

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Support

Family Letter 22

Instructional Presentation Slides. 23



LESSON 18

Writing and Solving Equations with Two or More Addends

- Solve each equation. The answers are mixed up at the bottom of the page. Cross out the answers as you complete the problems.

1 $8x + 15 = 63$

2 $9x - 13 = 23$

3 $135 = 2x + 25$

4 $33 = 32x - 31$

5 $12x - 16 = 68$

6 $7x + 115 = 136$

7 $82 = 4x + 14$

8 $2x - 56 = 34$

9 $3x - 4\frac{1}{2} = -19\frac{1}{2}$

10 $10 = -\frac{1}{4}x + 12$

11 $6x + 4.59 = 11.19$

12 $25.68 = 2x - 6.32$

Answers

$x = 1.1$

$x = 45$

$x = -5$

$x = 6$

$x = 7$

$x = 16$

$x = 4$

$x = 55$

$x = 17$

$x = 8$

$x = 2$

$x = 3$

Tools for Instruction

Write Equations to Solve Problems

Objective Write and solve equations to solve word problems.

This activity gets at the heart of algebra: writing an equation to model a situation and solving the equation to answer a question about the situation. To do this successfully, students must integrate many previously-learned skills. They must write expressions to model real-world situations, apply properties of operations and order of operations to write equivalent expressions, compute fluently with integers, convert between forms of rational numbers (fractions, decimals, percents), and use estimation strategies to assess reasonableness of solutions. In addition, students must be comfortable solving one-step word problems in the forms $x + p = q$ and $px = q$.

Take time to enable students to become comfortable making sense of multi-step word problems and persevering to find a solution. Encourage students to think critically about the problem situation and construct viable arguments. Help them choose appropriate tools and use effective modeling strategies.

Step by Step 20–30 minutes

1 Present the problem.

- Present the student with a word problem that can be translated into an equation. The goal is to give the student a rich real-world context that translates to an equation that has two operations and one variable. Provide numerical data using words (for example, “of” for multiplication) and numbers.
- Say: *Mark buys a shirt and two pairs of identical jeans. The shirt costs \$28.98. If the total cost is \$72.50, what is the price of each pair of jeans?*

2 Analyze the problem.

- Help the student identify the known information. Mark buys one shirt for \$28.98. Mark also buys 2 pairs of jeans, and the total cost is \$72.50.
- Help the student identify the question they need to answer: What is the cost of one pair of jeans?
- Have the student assign a variable, such as j , to represent the unknown quantity. Encourage the student to write this down, for example, as: *Let j equal the cost of one pair of jeans.*

3 Develop a model of the situation.

- Use bar models, words, or diagrams to model the problem.
- Describe the situation in words:
cost of shirt + cost of two pairs of jeans = total cost

\$28.98	jeans	jeans
\$72.50		

4 Write and solve an equation.

- Based on the description, use a variable and write an equation that represents the situation:

$$28.98 + j + j = 72.5$$

$$28.98 + 2j = 72.5$$

Tools for Instruction

- Remind the student that the fundamental rule of solving equations is “If I do something on one side of the equal sign, I must do the same action on the other side too, to keep the equation balanced.” Here is one approach to solving the equation:

$$28.98 + 2j = 72.5$$

$$28.98 - 28.98 + 2j = 72.5 - 28.98 \quad \text{Subtract 28.98 from both sides of the equation.}$$

$$2j = 43.5$$

$$\frac{2j}{2} = \frac{43.5}{2}$$

Divide both sides of the equation by 2.

$$j = 21.75$$

- Help the student relate the solution to the problem context: One pair of jeans costs \$21.75.

5 Determine if the solution is reasonable.

- Work can be considered incomplete until the student has asked and answered the question “Does this solution make sense?” The solution can be checked by substituting the calculated value of j into the original equation and seeing if the answer makes the equation true.
- Say: *Use estimation to explain why the answer is reasonable.*

Optional: Have the student make an estimate after Step 3. After finding an exact solution, compare it to the estimate.

6 Repeat with additional problems.

Check for Understanding

Present the following problem. Ask the student to write an equation and find the solution.

All of the students in the Spanish Club and 6 students from the French Club are going on a field trip. Of all the students on the trip, $\frac{3}{4}$ are taking a bus from the school. If 24 students take the bus, how many students are in the Spanish Club?

For the student who struggles, use the chart below to help pinpoint where extra help may be needed.

If you observe...	the student may...	Then try...
the student answers 12 students	have solved $s + 6 = \frac{3}{4}(24)$.	using a bar model to help the student write an equation.
the student answers 40 students	have solved $\frac{3}{4}s = 24 + 6$.	having the student describe the problem situation in words.
the student answers 12 students	have written the correct equation but multiplied 24 by $\frac{3}{4}$ instead of $\frac{4}{3}$.	reviewing division by fractions.



LESSON 18

Write and Solve Algebraic Equations

What You Need

- Recording Sheet, 1 per team
- Question Cards

What You Do

- 1 Shuffle the **Question Cards** and put them facedown in a pile.
- 2 Work in two teams. Each team draws a **Question Card**. On your team's **Recording Sheet**, write the number of the card and then write an equation to model the problem.
- 3 Trade **Recording Sheets** and **Question Cards** with the other team. The other team determines if the equation modeling the problem is correct. That team then solves the equation, showing their work.
- 4 Trade **Recording Sheets** back. Check to see if the other team's solution is correct.
- 5 Each team draws another card. Repeat the process until all of the **Question Cards** have solutions.



Check Understanding

Christina has a backpack that weighs $\frac{3}{4}$ pound. She puts three books in the backpack. Each book has the same weight. The total weight of the backpack with the books is $7\frac{7}{8}$ pounds. Write and solve an equation to find the weight, b , of each book.



Go Further

Choose one card that the opposite team solved. Show a different solution method for the same equation.



Write and Solve Algebraic Equations

Record your equation and solution to each **Question Card** in the table below.

RECORDING SHEET		
Question Card Number	Equation	Solution



CENTER ACTIVITY ●●

Names: _____

LESSON 18

QUESTION CARDS



1

Trace is buying notebooks. Each notebook is \$2 off the original price. He buys 8 notebooks for \$28. What is the original price of a notebook?

2

Quentin is collecting rocks. He has a case that will hold 65 rocks. He starts with 21 rocks now and collects 4 new rocks each week. How many weeks will it take Quentin to fill his case?

3

A rectangle has a width that is 6 inches less than its length. The perimeter of the rectangle is 72 inches. What is the length?

4

Carson decides to buy a new phone. He pays \$255 up front, and then will pay a set amount each month for 15 months. The total cost of the phone is \$600. How much will Carson pay each month?

5

Kate deposits some money into a new bank account. Her parents add \$45. Her grandparents give her 2.5 times the amount she and her parents added. Her grandparents give Kate \$250. How much did Kate deposit to start her account?

6

Toni buys 6 shirt-and-short outfits. The shirts each have the same price. The shorts each have the same price. A shirt costs \$2.99 more than a pair of shorts. Her total cost without tax is \$125.58. What is the price for each pair of shorts?

7

Four times the sum of two consecutive even integers is 40. What is the greater of the two even integers?

8

There are 68 students from three classes going on a field trip. Together, Ms. Cho's class and Mrs. Wye's classes have 6 more students going than Mr. Ott's class. How many students from Mr. Ott's class are going on the field trip?



CENTER ACTIVITY ●

Names: _____

Below Level
shown here.

LESSON 18

Write and Solve Algebraic Equations

What You Need

- Recording Sheet, 1 per team
- Question Cards

What You Do

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- 4 Trade **Recording Sheets** back. Check to see if the other team's solution is correct.
- 5 Each team draws another card. Repeat the process until all of the **Question Cards** have solutions.



Check Understanding

Karim has a backpack that weighs 2 pounds. He puts three books in the backpack. Each book has the same weight. The total weight of the backpack with the books is 8 pounds. Write and solve an equation to find the weight, b , of each book.



Go Further

Choose one card that the opposite team solved. Show a different solution method for the same equation.



Write and Solve Algebraic Equations

Record your equation and solution to each **Question Card** in the table below.

RECORDING SHEET		
Question Card Number	Equation	Solution



CENTER ACTIVITY ●

Names: _____

LESSON 18

QUESTION CARDS



1

Oliver buys 4 pineapples. Each pineapple is \$2 off the original price. He pays \$4. What is the original price of a pineapple?

2

Karrie is collecting baseball cards. She has a case that will hold 100 cards. She starts with 25 cards now and collects 5 new cards each week. How many weeks will it take Karrie to fill her case?

3

Lola buys 5 movie tickets. She uses a coupon for \$3 off each ticket. She pays \$45 for the tickets. What is the regular price of a movie ticket?

4

The perimeter of a rectangular horse pasture is 38 meters. The length is 5 meters more than its width. What is the width of the pasture?

5

Notah decides to buy a new phone. He pays \$200 up front, and then will pay the same amount each month for 8 months. The total cost of the phone is \$600. How much will Notah pay each month?

6

Akiko sells 5 small paintings and 5 large paintings. Each large painting costs \$20 more than a small painting. She earns \$300. What is the price of a small painting?

7

Two times the sum of two consecutive integers is 50. What is the greater of the two integers?

8

Paula deposits some money into a new bank account. Her parents add \$40. Her grandparents give her 2 times the amount she and her parents added. Her grandparents give Paula \$200. How much did Paula deposit to start her account?



LESSON 18

Write and Solve Algebraic Equations

What You Need

- Recording Sheet, 1 per team
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What You Do

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- 2 Work in two teams. Each team draws a **Question Card**. On your team's **Recording Sheet**, write the number of the card and then write an equation to model the problem.
- 3 Trade **Recording Sheets** and **Question Cards** with the other team. The other team determines if the equation modeling the problem is correct. That team then solves the equation, showing their work.
- 4 Trade **Recording Sheets** back. Check to see if the other team's solution is correct.
- 5 Each team draws another card. Repeat the process until all of the **Question Cards** have solutions.



Check Understanding

Gavin has a shipping box that weighs $1\frac{3}{4}$ pounds. He packs five ukuleles in the box. Each ukulele has the same weight. The total weight of the box with the ukuleles is $8\frac{5}{16}$ pounds. Write and solve an equation to find the weight, u , of each ukulele.



Go Further

Choose one card that the opposite team solved. Show a different solution method for the same equation. Explain your solution steps.



Write and Solve Algebraic Equations

Record your equation and solution to each **Question Card** in the table below.

RECORDING SHEET		
Question Card Number	Equation	Solution



CENTER ACTIVITY ●●●

Names: _____

LESSON 18

QUESTION CARDS

1

Magdalena is packing a shipping box. The empty box weighs $\frac{3}{8}$ pound. She adds books that weigh $2\frac{1}{4}$ pounds each. Magdalena's box now weighs $16\frac{1}{8}$ pounds. How many books does Magdalena pack?

2

Oren joins a gym. He pays a monthly fee plus a one-time joining fee of \$45. Oren pays \$124.50 for the first 3 months. What is the monthly fee?

3

Two sides of an isosceles triangle are each represented by $2x + 2$. The length of the third side is represented by $4x - 2$. The perimeter is 42 inches. What is the length of the third side?

4

Robert pays \$7.99 per month for a movie subscription service. One month he also rents 3 movies from the service that each cost the same amount. His bill for the month is \$19.96. How much does Robert pay to rent each movie?

5

Jia has some money in a bank account. She deposits \$35 more. Her parents deposit \$45. Then her grandparents give her 1.5 times the total amount in her account. Her grandparents give Jia \$322.50. How much did Jia already have in her account?

6

Jabari buys 4 shirt-and-pants outfits. The shirts each have the same price. The pants each have the same price. A pair of pants costs \$5.99 more than a shirt. His total cost without tax is \$95.72. What is the price for each pair of pants?

7

The sum of three consecutive even integers is 42. What is the greatest of the three even integers?

8

There are 74 students from three classes going on a field trip. Ms. Shaw's class has 6 more students going on the trip than Mr. Brown's class. Mrs. Lee's class has 7 fewer students going on the trip than Mr. Brown's class. How many students from Mr. Brown's class are going on the field trip?



ENRICHMENT ACTIVITY

Name: _____

LESSON 18

What's the Temp?

Your Challenge

- Temperatures are commonly measured in degrees Celsius ($^{\circ}\text{C}$) or degrees Fahrenheit ($^{\circ}\text{F}$). You can convert from degrees Celsius to degrees Fahrenheit by using the formula $C = \frac{5}{9}(F - 32)$, where C is the temperature in degrees Celsius, and F is the temperature in degrees Fahrenheit.

Is there a temperature that has the same value in degrees Fahrenheit as it does in degrees Celsius? If so, what is that temperature? Explain.



LESSON 18 • QUIZ

Name: _____

► Solve the problems.

- 1 What is the value of x in the equation $-5.4 = 4x - 1.8$?
- A -14.4
- B -1.8
- C -0.9
- D 0.9
- 2 Kenya starts to solve the equation $5\frac{3}{4} - \frac{1}{6}x = 4\frac{1}{2}$. She writes $1\frac{1}{4} = \frac{1}{6}x$. Is this a valid way to solve the equation?
- A Yes, because there are still fractions.
- B No, because you cannot change the side of the equation that x is on.
- C Yes, because she subtracts $4\frac{1}{2}$ from both sides and adds $\frac{1}{6}x$ to both sides.
- D No, because the coefficient of x has changed from negative to positive.
- 3 Kaylin buys a greeting card for \$3.79. She then buys 4 postcards that all cost the same amount. The total cost of the greeting card and postcards is \$5.11. How much is each postcard? Show your work.

SOLUTION _____



LESSON 18 • QUIZ

Name: _____

- 4 Jordyn weighs ingredients on a kitchen scale to make bread. The bowl weighs $1\frac{1}{2}$ pounds. He adds several scoops of flour. The total weight of the bowl and the flour is $2\frac{3}{4}$ pounds. If each cup of flour weighs $\frac{5}{16}$ pound, how many cups of flour does he add? Show your work.

SOLUTION _____

- 5 Riku says that a and b have the same value in the equations $0.75(a - 2) = 5.25$ and $\frac{3}{4}b - \frac{3}{2} = \frac{21}{4}$. Is Riku correct? Why or why not? Show your work.

SOLUTION _____



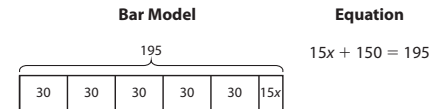
LESSON
18

Dear Family,

This week your student is learning about writing and solving multi-step equations using algebraic approaches.

One way to solve word problems is to write and solve an equation that represents the situation. A bar model may help you make sense of a problem. Then you can use it to write an equation to represent the situation.

A group of 5 friends go to a concert. Each friend buys a ticket that costs \$30. Some of the friends also buy T-shirts that cost \$15 each. In total the friends spend \$195. How many T-shirts, x , did the friends buy?



There are often multiple ways to approach solving an equation. Your student will be solving problems like the one below.

A family buys 2 adult tickets and 4 child tickets to a high school basketball game. The family spends a total of \$28 on tickets. The adult tickets cost \$7 each. What is the cost, x , of each child ticket in dollars?

► **ONE WAY** to start finding the value of x is to subtract 14 from both sides of the equation.

$$4x + 14 = 28$$
$$4x + 14 - 14 = 28 - 14$$
$$4x = 14$$
$$\frac{4x}{4} = \frac{14}{4}$$
$$x = 3.5$$

► **ANOTHER WAY** to start is to divide both sides by 4.

$$4x + 14 = 28$$
$$\frac{4x + 14}{4} = \frac{28}{4}$$
$$x + 3.5 = 7$$
$$x + 3.5 - 3.5 = 7 - 3.5$$
$$x = 3.5$$

Using either method, $x = 3.5$. The cost of each child ticket is \$3.50.

Write and Solve Multi-Step Equations

SOLVE MULTI-STEP EQUATIONS

g About
ions

to investigate using an
of a situation.

to get somewhere? Many
mile you travel plus a fee to
ow much the ride costs is
ow far you travel.



to think about the relationship between miles traveled
e.

Cost per
ile (\$) $\times$ Number
of Miles $+$ Taxi
Fee (\$)

you can use this equation to figure out much a taxi ride will cost if you know how
many miles long the trip is. You can also use this equation to figure out how many
miles you can travel for a certain amount of money.

? What are other situations where a total
depends on more than one thing?

SESSION 1

Explore Solving Multi-Step Equations**Learning Targets**

- Write multi-step equations to represent problems.
- Solve multi-step equations.
- Compare different ways of solving equations.

LESSON 18 • Write and Solve Multi-Step Equations

Start**Same and Different**

$$4a = 24$$

$$0.5b = 3$$

A B
C D

$$c - 1.2 = 4.8$$

$$d + 5.5 = 11.5$$

Unit-Level Resources

Unit 4: Algebraic Thinking: Expressions, Equations, and Inequalities

Unit Game	<u>25</u>
Literacy Connection	<u>28</u>
Unit Assessment (Form A)	<u>32</u>



GAME

UNIT 4

Name: _____

The Inequality Solution

What You Need

- Recording Sheet (1 for each player)
- Game Board
- 3 number cubes labeled as follows:
1 labeled 0–4 and “free choice”;
1 labeled 5–9 and “free choice”;
1 labeled 1–6
- counters (16 of one color per player)

Directions

- Your goal is to solve inequalities in order to cover as many Game Board squares as possible.
- For Round 1, choose one player to roll the number cubes and record the numbers. If “free choice” is rolled, the player may choose any number 0–9.
- The player uses the numbers rolled to fill in the blanks in the inequality for the round. The numbers may be written in any order, except the number 0 cannot be written in the first blank.
- The player solves the inequality and places a counter on a number on the Game Board that is within the solution set. (For example, if the solution is $x < -10$, you could place a counter on -18.4 or -27 , because both numbers are less than -10 .)
- If no uncovered number on the Game Board is a solution of the inequality, the player’s turn ends and no counter is placed.
- After eight rounds, the player with the most spaces covered wins.

Sample Recording Sheet

GAME
UNIT 4

Name: **Megan**

The Inequality Solution

RECORDING SHEET

Round	Numbers Rolled	Inequality	Solution
1	4, 6, 3	$4(x + 3) > 6$	$x > -\frac{6}{4}$
2		$______ x + ______ < ______$	
3		$______ x - ______ > ______$	
4		$______ (x - ______) < ______$	

KEEP IN MIND . . .

It may be helpful to think about a number line when determining if a value on the Game Board is in the solution set of an inequality.



GAME

Name: _____

UNIT 4

The Inequality Solution

RECORDING SHEET

Round	Numbers Rolled	Inequality	Solution
1		_____ (x + _____) > _____	
2		_____ x + _____ < _____	
3		_____ x - _____ > _____	
4		_____ (x - _____) < _____	
5		_____ (x + _____) > _____	
6		_____ x + _____ > _____	
7		_____ x - _____ > _____	
8		_____ x - _____ < _____	



GAME

UNIT 4

Name: _____

The Inequality Solution

GAME BOARD

-6	-8	14	$\frac{1}{2}$
4.1	-2	$\frac{4}{3}$	-18.4
$38\frac{4}{5}$	5	-27	1
20	$\frac{5}{2}$	11	6.5

Welcome Home

by Joyce Mallery

1 As far back as I could recall, basketball has been my passion. My father had set up a basketball hoop in our backyard, and my older brother Andy had started showing me how to play basketball from the time I was small. As I grew older, playing basketball became the focus of my life.

2 In most situations, I tend to be a shy and timid person, but I become someone completely different when I'm on the basketball court. It's almost like a switch turns on inside of me, and I can shut out everything else. When I'm playing basketball, my brother calls me Fast and Furious Fi. *Fi* rhymes with *see*, and *Fi* is short for Fiona. When I'm playing basketball, the spectators love to chant rhymes during the game: "What do you see, Fi?" "Score one for me, Fi!" and even "Hey Fi, make it three!!"

3 My brother has always been my best friend. While we did all the things that kids generally do to annoy each other, we always seemed to know what was in each other's hearts. But the past year has been so hard for me because my brother enlisted in the Air Force, and shortly after, he was deployed to the Middle East. My heart still thumps when I think back to the night before he left—the night we sat together and silently stared at the stars. "I don't know what I'll do without you," I blurted out, despite my feeble attempt to put on a brave face.

4 Andy was quiet, which is totally unlike him. "I'm scared to leave," he admitted quietly. "But it will be easier for me to be away if I know you're okay, and we can always text and email. I just have to know that you're going to be all right while I'm gone, Fiona—that you're going to be the star of your basketball team and work to get good grades."

5 I hugged him and I couldn't stop crying. My passion is basketball, and I'll work hard to get good grades because I know those things are important to my brother. "Hang in there, Fast and Furious," he whispered, trying his best to reassure me. But instead of fast and furious, I felt lost and lonely.

6 My life just wasn't the same after Andy left. My friends didn't seem to comprehend how I felt now that my brother was not around and how I worried about him. "I'd love to have my brother leave for awhile," my best friend Chloe once said. It took all the strength I had not to start crying, and I could tell that Chloe immediately regretted her remark. "I guess that was a thoughtless thing to say," she mumbled apologetically. "I know how much you love Andy."

7 The following week, Chloe and I were at the library when she called me over to her computer and pointed to a website. "Fiona, look at this," she said excitedly. "My mom told me about this: Troop Greeters official website. People assemble at the airport and greet the troops that pass through." We read the mission statement together: The mission of Troop Greeters is to express the nation's gratitude and appreciation to the troops, for those going overseas and for those heroes coming home.

Literacy Connection: **Realistic Fiction**

8 The website said we could contact the group for additional information. “Let’s go outside and call,” Chloe suggested. I grabbed my cell phone and dialed the number. A woman answered, and she explained it all to us. “We’ll let you know when flights are arriving,” she said. “Have at least one parent accompany you. The welcome means so much to our returning and departing military personnel.”

9 That night I discussed it with my parents. “This sounds like a wonderful idea,” Mom said. “And we’ll bring Chloe, too, since it was her idea.”

10 Then, the night before we were scheduled for our first meet-and-greet, I started to get really nervous about talking to strangers. Finally, I called Chloe. “I can’t do this. I’ll have no idea what to say!” I moaned.

11 “Wait a minute—you can’t back out now!” Chloe snapped. “What happened to ‘Fast and Furious Fi’ of the basketball court? You’re acting more like a foolish and flighty fan in the bleachers!” Then, in a softer voice, she added, “I’ve got an idea. Why don’t you bring your basketball with you. That way the troops will know something about you right from the start, and you’ll have something to talk about.”

12 The next morning we stood in line with the other troop greeters. Suddenly, there was a rush of footsteps and uniforms, and we could feel an electric buzz of excitement and energy. The first man in line looked at me, smiled, and shook my hand. “Thank you for coming,” he said. “And you’re a basketball player! Can I borrow this?” He grabbed the ball and started dribbling and laughing. Then he passed it to his friend.

13 I took a deep breath and forced myself to ask, “Did you play basketball in high school? I play for my varsity team.” That remark brought a grin to several faces.

14 After that, it was easy for me to talk to the troops. Each one said hello and asked about my basketball. And every time I said, “Welcome home!” I knew in my heart that someday soon I would be uttering those words to my own hometown hero—my brother.





LITERACY CONNECTION

Name: _____

UNIT 4

- 3 A standard basketball court is a rectangle with a perimeter of 288 feet. The length of the court is 44 feet greater than its width. What is the width of the court?

SOLUTION _____

- 4 Elena orders tickets to a local basketball tournament. The tickets cost \$16 each. There is a one-time \$5 service fee to purchase tickets. Elena has \$135 to spend on the tickets. Write an inequality that represents the number of tickets Elena can buy. What is the greatest number of tickets Elena can buy?

SOLUTION _____



UNIT 4 • UNIT ASSESSMENT

Name: _____

FORM A

Form A shown here. Digital Comprehension Checks and Form B are also available.

► Solve the problems.

- 1 Which expression is equivalent to $-4(2k - 6) - 4k$?

A $4k + 24$

B $-8k + 20$

C $-12k + 24$

D $-12k - 24$

- 2 Decide if the expressions are equivalent.
Choose *Yes* or *No* for each pair of expressions.

	Yes	No
a. $4(-2b + 5)$ and $2(-4b + 10)$	☐	☐
b. $-9h - 4.5$ and $-0.75(12h - 4.5)$	☐	☐
c. $-7(k - 2 + 3k - 4)$ and $28k - 42$	☐	☐
d. $\frac{1}{8}(48m + 24)$ and $6m + 3$	☐	☐

- 3 At a restaurant, small tables have a chairs, and large tables have b chairs.

PART A Donna notices that there are 12 small tables and 8 large tables.
How can the expression $12a + 8b$ help her find the total number of chairs in the dining room? Explain your reasoning.

SOLUTION _____

PART B A server wants to rearrange the tables into 4 identical rows of small and large tables. How can you rewrite $12a + 8b$ so that the expression shows the number of small tables and the number of large tables in each row? Write your answer in the blanks.

_____ (_____ + _____)



UNIT 4 • UNIT ASSESSMENT

Name: _____

FORM A continued

- 4 The length of a rectangle is represented by $8x - 3$. The width of the rectangle is represented by $2x$. The perimeter is 34 centimeters. Which equations represent the perimeter? Select all the correct answers.
- A $4(2x + 8x - 3) = 34$
- B $2(2x) + 2(8x - 3) = 34$
- C $2x + 8x - 3 + 2x + 8x - 3 = 34$
- D $20x - 6 = 34$
- E $2x(8x - 3) = 34$
- 5 The sum of half a number, n , and 15 is 24. What is the value of the number n ? Record your answer on the grid. Then fill in the bubbles.

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.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6
7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7
8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8
9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9

- 6 Which solutions, if any, do the inequalities $-5(x + 4) > 10$ and $x + 3 < -7$ have in common? Show your work.

SOLUTION _____



UNIT 4 • UNIT ASSESSMENT

Name: _____

FORM A continued

- 7 Show that $-4(5m - 3)$ and $-20m + 12$ are equivalent. Write your answers in the blanks.

$$-4(5m - 3)$$

$$(-4)(\underline{\hspace{2cm}}) + (\underline{\hspace{2cm}})(-3)$$

$$\underline{\hspace{2cm}} + 12$$

- 8 Jameson Middle School gives bottles of water to teachers and students who are going on a field trip. The school orders 500 bottles of water. They plan to give 35 bottles of water to teachers. They ordered at least 2 bottles of water for each student. How many students could be going on the field trip? Show your work.

SOLUTION _____

- 9 Dayton's family pays \$12 for beach parking and rents 4 paddleboards. Each paddleboard rental costs the same amount. They spend \$80 total. How much does each paddleboard rental cost?

- A \$8
- B \$17
- C \$48
- D \$92



UNIT 4 • UNIT ASSESSMENT

Name: _____

FORM A continued

- 10 Daria earns h dollars per hour working at a grocery store. She works 9 hours per week. She writes the expression $9 \cdot h \cdot 4$ to represent how much money she earns in a four-week month. Daria's boss writes the expression $36h$ to represent the same value. Which person's expression tells you how many hours Daria works per four-week month? Explain your reasoning.

SOLUTION _____

- 11 Solve $12 = \frac{x-6}{-3}$ for x . Write your answers in the blanks.

$$-3(12) = \left(\frac{x-6}{-3}\right)(\rule{1cm}{0.4pt})$$

$$-36 = x - 6$$

$$-36 + \rule{1cm}{0.4pt} = x - 6 + 6$$

$$\rule{1cm}{0.4pt} = x$$

- 12 Monica is one year younger than Dave. Dave is one year younger than Amber. The sum of their ages is 33. How old is Dave? Record your answer on the grid. Then fill in the bubbles.

⊖									
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6
7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7
8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8
9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9



UNIT 4 • UNIT ASSESSMENT

Name: _____

FORM A continued

- 13 Natasha wants to earn an average score of at least 90% in math class. Her test scores so far are 94%, 89%, 88%, 92%, and 85%. What score does she need to earn on her next test to reach her goal? Show your work.

SOLUTION _____

- 14 Consider the following equations:

$$a - 5 = 31$$

$$\frac{1}{2}b - 5 = 31$$

$$2c - 5 = 31$$

Order a , b , and c from least to greatest. Explain your reasoning.

SOLUTION _____



UNIT 4 • UNIT ASSESSMENT

Name: _____

FORM A continued

- 15 Dante is the head cook in the cafeteria. Each lunch includes one serving of pasta and one serving of salad. Pasta costs p dollars per serving, and salad costs s dollars per serving. He needs to order 100 lunches for seventh graders and 100 lunches for eighth graders. Which expressions represent the total cost of the pasta and salad Dante orders? Select all the correct answers.
- A** $7(p + s) + 8(p + s)$ **B** $200(p + s)$
- C** $100(p + s) + 100(p + s)$ **D** $200p + s$
- E** $p + s + 200$ **F** $200p + 200s$
- 16 Jamie works twice as many hours on the weekend as he does during the week. He earns \$7.75 per hour. This week, he wants to earn at least \$279.00. Will Jamie meet his goal if he works 10 hours during the week? Show your work.

SOLUTION _____

- 17 In which equation is the value of $(x - 7)$ less: $2(x - 7) = 36$ or $3(x - 7) = 36$? Explain your reasoning.

SOLUTION _____

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