HALLIBURTON

Formation Evaluation

Xaminer® Array Sonic Tool (XAST™) service

Crossed-dipole sonic tool

FEATURES

- Long-spaced monopole and broadband dipole sources for sonic slowness measurements in near and far fields
- Broadband 8-level, quad-receiver array
- Records all 128
 waveforms per transmitter
 firing at surface
- On-depth, low-frequency bender-bar source
- Drillpipe-conveyed operation capability

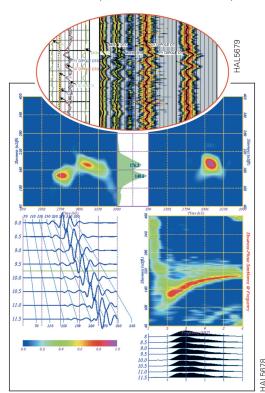
BENEFITS

- Enables accurate slowness measurements across a wide range of formation depths
- Delivers high-quality waveform data for advanced processing
- Captures complete waveform sets for improved subsurface analysis
- Enhances operational flexibility through seamless tool integration
- Provides a clean source signal, eliminating need for dispersion corrections and depth shifting

Overview

The Xaminer® Array Crossed-Dipole Sonic Tool makes it easy to determine fast and slow shear-wave travel times and their orientation in the formation. With the XAST™ service, you can calculate minimum and maximum principal stresses and stress field orientation by combining oriented slowness data with overburden and pore-pressure data. This information is vital for geomechanical analysis, wellbore stability, and production enhancement-treatment design.

Sonic anisotropy and its orientation help identify the direction of natural fractures. Sonic attributes—such as P-wave slowness, fast and slow shear-wave travel times, compressive fluid identification in pore spaces, and anisotropy orientation—improve 3D seismic analysis.



waveform data from the eight waveforms. In the circle is a section of a log showing monopole P-wave slowness and semblance quality, monopole-refracted shear-wave slowness and semblance quality, X-X dipole slowness and semblance quality, and Y-Y dipole slowness and semblance quality.

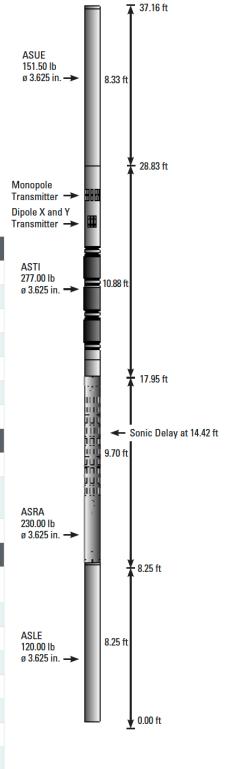
Reliable sonic data for complex reservoirs

The Halliburton XAST™ service provides simultaneous monopole and crossed-dipole sonic information. It captures P-wave and S-wave slowness in formations ranging from poorly consolidated, high-porosity gas-saturated sandstones to low-porosity carbonates. The flexural wave energy is propagated from two low-frequency, on-depth, crossed-dipole bender-bar sources.

The low-frequency flexural wave travels at the true shear slowness of the formation. The flexural-wave data dispersion analysis provides information about both the near and far fields. The broadband monopole source provides information about fast formations and Stoneley data in slow formations.

Xaminer® Array Sonic Tool (XAST™) specifications

	STANDARD	DEEPSUITE™ LOGGING TOOLS			
Maximum temperature	350°F (177°C)				
Maximum OD	3.625 in. (92.1 mm)	4.4 in. (111.8 mm)			
Maximum pressure	20,000 psi (138 MPa)	35,000 psi (241 MPa)			
Minimum hole	5 in. (127 mm)	6 in. (152.4 mm)			
Maximum hole	16.0 in. (406.4 mm)				
Makeup length	37.16 ft (11.33 m)				
Weight	778 lb (352.9 kg)	1317 lb (597.4 kg)			
BOREHOLE CONDITIONS					
Borehole fluids	Saltwater, freshwater, oil				
Recommended maximum logging speed	2 spf: 30 ft/min (9 m/min) 4 spf: 15 ft/min (5 m/min)				
Tool positioning	Centralized				
HARDWARE CHARACTERISTICS					
Source type	Piezoelectric (Monopole); Benderbar (Dipole) X and Y Dipole sources at same depth				
Number of receivers	32 (8 rings of 4 receivers)				
Receiver type	Piezoelectric cylinders				
Receiver spacings	0.5 ft (15 cm)				
Firing rate	1/sec				
Digitizing interval	Monopole: 20.32 μs; Dipole: 40.63 μs; Stoneley: 40.63 μs				
Samples per sensor	Monopole: 512, Dipole: 512, Stoneley: 512				
Measurement bandwidth	Monopole: 5 to 20 kHz; Dipole: 0.5 to 10 kHz; Stoneley: 0.5 to 5 kHz				
Combinability	All LOGIQ® tools				





DATA SHEET

	STANDARD			DEEPSUITE™	
MEASUREMENT					
Principle	$\Delta t_{p'}$, $\Delta t_{s'}$, and Δt_{St}				
Range	$\Delta t_{_{\rm p}}$ 40 to 250 µs/ft, $\Delta t_{_{\rm S}}$ 60 to 600 µs/ft, $\Delta t_{_{\rm St}}$ 185 to 500 µs/ft				
Vertical resolution	0.5 ft				
Depth of investigation	1 to 3 ft				
Primary curves	Full waveforms (from Monopole, Dipole, and Stoneley firings) $\Delta t_{_p},\Delta t_{_s}$ (X & Y), and $\Delta_{_t}$ Stoneley				
Secondary curves	Poisson's ratio, Formation Anisotropy, Integrated Traveltime (ITT)				
CALIBRATION					
Primary	N/A				
Secondary	Internal check				
Wellsite verifier	N/A				
PHYSICAL STRENGTHS**					
	Tension	Comp	ression	Torque	
Receiver Array (ASRA)	30,000 lb (133.44 kN)	5,000 lb**	(22.24 kN)	600 ft/lb (813.36 Nm)	
Isolator	30,000 lb (133.44 kN)	5,000 lb**	(22.24 kN)	600 ft/lb (813.36 Nm)	
ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATION					
Tool power	200 VDC				
Current	400 ma in Log Mode				
MEASURE POINTS					
	Measurement	Measu	re point	Referenced from	
	$\Delta t_{p'}$, $\Delta t_{s'}$, Δt_{St}	14.42 ft (C	enter Array)	Bottom of ASLE	

^{*} Strengths apply to new tools at 70°F (21°C) and 0 psi (0 MPa) and are limited by the ASRA.

For more information, contact your local Halliburton representative or visit us on the web at www.halliburton.com

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^{** 5,000} lb in boreholes > 8 in.; 7,000 lb in boreholes from 6 to 8 in.; 9,000 lb in boreholes < 6 in.