

HAZY PALE ALE

STYLE: HAZY PALE ALE

TASTING NOTES:

Intense fruit flavours, smooth mouthfeel, and immense Orange and mandarin notes - This Hazy Pale Ale, Crafted with Citra, Mosaic, and Mandarina Bavaria, this beer offers a soft body and full malt bill with wheat and oats— a must-try for those seeking a unique and hop-forward experience.

SPECIFICATIONS:

OG	1.050	Boil Time	60 Mins
FG	1.009	Batch Size	23L
IBU	28.3	Brew Day Duration	4-6 Hours
Colour	7.6 EBC – Pale Straw	ABV	5.3%
Mash Efficiency	80%	Fermentation time	11 Days
Mash Time	60 Mins + 5 Min. Mash out	Fermentation Temp	18-22°C
Mash Temp	66°C	Bottling/Kegging Volume	21L

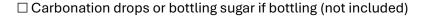
CHECKLIST BEFORE YOU START:

INGREDIENTS:

5	1kø	Grair	ns 2	foil	bags
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☐ Yeast 2x 10g packs

☐ Hops 3x 50g bags



 \Box Calculate water volumes below if not using an app.



Free Grainfather App

1. Pre-Boil Volume	2. Mash Volume:	3. Sparge Volume
Batch Volume(23L) + Boil	Grain weight * Mash thickness	Pre-boil volume – Mash water
Losses + (Boil Length * Boil off	+ Mash tun dead space =	+ (grain weight * grain
rate) = Preboil Volume	Mash Volume	absorption) = Sparge Volume



 Your Brew system manufacturer should have specifications for boiler loss, boil-off rate, mash tun dead space and recommended mash thickness. We recommend using a grain absorption rate of 0.8L/kg

FOIIIPMENT-

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\square All Grain brewing system, e.g. Grainfather G30	\square Counterflow/ Immersion Chiller
☐ Sparge Water Heater	□ Mash Paddle
☐ Hydrometer/ Refractometer	☐ Hot water safe jug >1L
□ 30L Sanitised Fermenter & Airlock	☐ Kegging/ Botting Equipment
DDFW 4DF4	
BREW AREA:	
☐ Access to water	\square Access to drainage
☐ Access to Power	
FERMENTATION AREA:	
☐ Stable day-night temperatures	☐ Stationary for Fermentation
BREW DAY:	
SET UP & MASH:	
$\hfill\Box$ Set up the Brew System and ensure they are clean.	
$\hfill\square$ Make sure valves are closed on Brew System.	
\Box If using a single Vessel brew system like Grainfathe and heat to 66°C. Or fill your Hot Liquor Tank (HLT) with	
$\hfill\square$ When the Mash water is at temperature. Add the gramash paddle until the consistency resembles that of	
\Box If your Brew system has a pump, set up recirculation the mash temperature while recirculating for 60 Mins	
\Box Set up the Sparge water heater, fill it with the Sparg raise the temperature of your HLT to 75°C.	e water volume, and heat it to 75°C. Or
\square At the end of the 60 min mash, Raise the temperature Mins.	ure of the mash to 75°C and let it rest for 5



SPARGE & BOIL:

☐ If using a single Vessel brew system like Grainfather G30 raise the mash basket. Otherwise, Vorlauf (drain mash tun until runnings are clear and pour back into mash tun), then drain first runnings to the kettle.
$\hfill\Box$ Slowly add sparge water to the grains and allow to drain into the boiler.
☐ Start heating to near boil (98°C)
□ Remove grain basket
□ Record Pre-Boil Gravity & Preboil Volume
$\hfill\square$ Bring the kettle to a boil, stirring the surface gently to avoid a boil over.
☐ Start timer when boil starts.
☐ Clean mash basket/ Mash tun
$\hfill\square$ With 10 minutes left, set up and submerge your immersion chiller in the boiler. Or set up your counter-flow chiller.
\square Ensure your fermenter is cleaned and sanitised.
COOLING & TRANSFERRING:
☐ Cool the boiled wort down to 80°C in the boiler
\Box Add Hop Stand hops 25g (1/2 Bag) of Mandarina Bravaria, 25g (1/2 Bag) of Citra, 25g (1/2 Bag) of Mosaic.
☐ Allow to rest for 20 Mins .
\Box Cool to pitching temperature with the immersion temperature with the immersion chiller. Or cool and transfer to your clean and sanitised fermenter using a counterflow chiller.
Record Original Gravity (OG) & Amount in the fermenter
FERMENTATION:
$\hfill\square$ Ensure the wort is at the pitching temperature, then add the yeast
☐ Fit fermenter lid and Bung & Airlock/ Blow off tube
\Box Move the Fermenter to a place that has a stable 18-22 $^{\!o}\text{C}$ area where the fermenter won't be moved for 11 Days
☐ Clean Brewing system
\Box Ferment at between 18-22 $^{\circ}$ C for 6 days. If possible, raise the temperature to 22 $^{\circ}$ C at the end of the 6 days, for 2 days.



 \Box If possible, drop the temperature on the fermenter down to 3-6°C. If not, allow the fermenter to return to about 20°C and add the remaining hops as the dry hop. Let rest for 3 days

KEGGING:	
\square Move the fermenter up to a table, and let the	sediment settle.
☐ Sanitise the keg & Transfer Hoses/ fittings.	
☐ Rack/Transfer beer straight into the keg, save	e a sample for tasting and a hydrometer sample.
\square add priming sugar or force carbonate.	
□ Record Final Gravity:	_ & Keg Volume
□ Clean Fermenter and kegging equipment	
BOTTLING:	
\Box Determine how many and what type of bottle	es to use.
☐ Make sure you have enough caps on hand.	
\square Move the fermenter up to a table and let the	sediment settle.
\square Begin sanitising bottles and caps.	
$\hfill \square$ Sanitize your filling equipment, e.g. racking c bucket and spoon.	ane, transfer hoses, battling wand, bottling
\square If using priming sugar dissolve in warm / boil	ed water and let it cool.
$\hfill \square$ Carefully rack beer into the bottling bucket; sample.	save a sample for tasting and a hydrometer
\square Add priming sugar solution and mix without s	splashing.
\square Siphon/Transfer beer into bottles.	
\square Cap and mark bottles.	
\square If using carbonation drops, add the appropri	ate number of drops per bottle.
$\hfill \square$ Siphon/Transfer beer into bottles. Save a sar	mple for tasting and a hydrometer sample.
\square Cap and mark bottles.	
□ Record Final Gravity:	_ & Number of Bottles
☐ Clean bottling equipment	



DRINK THE BEER:

 $\hfill\square$ Plan your next brew.