

EZ5001 Total & Free Alkalinity Analyser

Method and reagent sheets

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1. Legal information

Manufacturer: AppliTek NV/SA

Distributor: Hach lange GmbH

The translation of the manual is approved by the manufacturer.

2. Analytical specifications

Please refer also to the respective technical datasheet at Hach Support Online.

Total & Free Alkalinity - All specifications				
Analysis method	Acio	l-base titration with hydrochloric acid		
Parameter	Tota	al alkalinity and Free Alkalinity (CaCO ₃)		
Cycle time	20 -	- 30 minutes		
Limit of detection (LOD)	≤ 10) mg/L		
Precision/Repeatability	Bett	er than 2% full scale range for standard	I test solutions	
Cleaning	Auto	omatic; frequency freely programmable		
Calibration	Auto	omatic; one-point calibration		
Validation	Auto	Automatic; frequency freely programmable		
Interferences	cau	Soaps, oily matter, suspended solids or precipitates may coat the glass electrode and cause a sluggish response. Allow additional time between titrant additions to let the electrode come to equilibrium or clean the electrodes occasionally.		
Measuring ranges	% o	f range - Dilution	Low range (mg/L)	High range (mg/L)
	А	10% of standard range	10	500
	B 25% of standard range 25			1250
	C 50% of standard range 50 250			
	0standard range1005000VInternal dispenser dilution factor 550025000WInternal dispenser dilution factor 10100050000			5000
				25000

3. Analysis method

Summary

The determination of Total Alkalinity and Free Alkalinity is based on one method. The concentration of all parameters is determined alternately in the 'Main'-method.

The calibration for Total Alkalinity and Free Alkalinity is determined in the 'TA' – method.

Remark

The methods cannot be started at the same time.

3.1 Total Alkalinity

Analysis steps

The analysis vessel is cleaned and filled with fresh sample. After sampling, the initial pH value is measured. Next, the titration with hydrochloric acid (HCI) is started. After the determination of the end point (pH 4.3), the total alkalinity concentration is calculated.

Calibration

The calibration procedure measures a REF2 CaCO₃ solution (channel 10, Validation valve) to adapt the slope factor by means of a one point calibration.

3.2 Free Alkalinity

Analysis steps

The analysis vessel is cleaned and filled with fresh sample. After sampling, the initial pH value is measured. Next, the titration with hydrochloric acid (HCI) is started. After the determination of the end point (pH 8.3), the alkalinity concentration is calculated.

4. Reagents

Chemical exposure hazard. Obey laboratory safety procedures and wear all of the personal protective equipment appropriate to the chemicals that are handled. Read the safety data sheet from the supplier before bottles are filled or reagents are prepared. For laboratory use only. Make the hazard information known in accordance with the local regulations of the user.



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Chemical exposure hazard. Dispose of chemicals and wastes in accordance with local, regional and national regulations.

4.1 Reagent overview and consumption

In the tables below, the products that are needed to prepare the reagents are listed. The product name, the formula, the molecular weight, the CAS No. and the amount needed to prepare 1 litre of the reagents is given. Check the consumption of the reagents (28 days) to adapt the volumes needed.

Product	Consumption	Consumption/28 days A rata 1 analysis/15 min	Recommended containers
HCI solution	Depending on alkalinity concentration	1 L < Volume < 27 I	Plastic – 10 L
REF2 Solution	~ 1 L / calibration	1	Plastic – 2.5 L

4.2 Storage and quality of chemicals

Quality of chemicals

All chemicals should be of ACS grade or better. We recommend the use of pro analysis chemicals.

Quality of water

Reagent grade, carbon dioxide-free de-ionized water must be used to prepare the chemical solutions and for rinse purposes.

Storage of Reagents

While operating the instrument, keep in mind the ambient temperature conditions as stated in the data sheet of the instrument.

Store the reagents cold; Store the reagents in the dark; Refresh the reagents after one month (unless stated differently in the chapters below).

4.3 HCl solution

Products	Formula	MW (g/mol)	CAS No.	1 litre solution
Hydrochloric acid (1M)	HCI	36.46	7647-01-0	x mL

Preparation

Prepare a x M hydrochloric acid (HCI) solution. Add carefully x mL hydrochloric acid (HCI 1M) to 500 mL de-ionized water and dilute to 1 litre with de-ionized water.

	Measuring range	Concentration HCI solution	Amount to add to 1 litre
А	500 mg/L CaCO₃	0.025 M	25 mL
В	1250 mg/L CaCO₃	0.05 M	50 mL
С	2500 mg/L CaCO₃	0.1 M	100 mL
0	5000 mg/L CaCO₃	0.2 M	200 mL
V	25000 mg/L CaCO₃	0.2 M	200 mL
W	50000 mg/L CaCO₃	0.2 M	200 mL

4.4 Calibration solution

Products	Formula	MW (g/mol)	CAS No.	Range	1 litre solution
Sodium carbonate	Na ₂ CO ₃	105.99	497-19-8	$0-5000$ mg/L CaCO $_3$	52.995 g
				> 5000 mg/L CaCO₃	264.98 g

Preparation:

Range 0 – 5000 mg/L CaCO₃

50000 mg/L CaCO₃ stock solution

Dissolve accurately 52.995 g sodium carbonate (Na_2CO_3) in 800 mL de-ionized water, using a volumetric flask of 1 litre. Add de-ionized water up to the mark grade.

CaCO₃ standard solution – REF2

Prepare a standard solution for calibration according to the following table: take accurately x mL of the 50000 mg/L CaCO₃ stock solution and transfer into a volumetric flask of 1 litre. Add de-ionized water up to the mark grade.

	Measuring range	Concentration REF2 solution	Amount to add to 1 litre
Α	500 mg/L CaCO₃	500 mg/L CaCO₃	5 mL
В	1250 mg/L CaCO₃	1250 mg/L CaCO₃	12.5 mL
С	2500 mg/L CaCO₃	2500 mg/L CaCO₃	25 mL
0	5000 mg/L CaCO₃	5000 mg/L CaCO₃	50 mL

Range > 5000 mg/L CaCO₃

250000 mg/L CaCO₃ stock solution

Dissolve accurately 264.98 g sodium carbonate (Na_2CO_3) in 800 mL de-ionized water, using a volumetric flask of 1 litre. Add de-ionized water up to the mark grade.

CaCO₃ standard solution – REF2

Prepare a standard solution for calibration according to the following table: take accurately x mL of the 250000 mg/L CaCO₃ stock solution and transfer into a volumetric flask of 1 litre. Add de-ionized water up to the mark grade.

	Measuring range		Concentration REF2 solution	Amount to add to 1 litre
ſ	V	25000 mg/L CaCO₃	25000 mg/L CaCO₃	100 mL
ſ	W	50000 mg/L CaCO₃	50000 mg/L CaCO₃	mL

4.5 Cleaning solution (facultative)

The cleaning procedure should prevent any build-up of chemicals in the analyser. To obtain an effective cleaning procedure one has to test the cleaning solution and the cleaning interval for each application. Perform the selected cleaning solution and interval for a trial period, check then the effectiveness of the procedure and change if necessary.