Barium DOC316.53.01311

Turbidimetric Method¹

Method 10251

(0-80, 0-800 and 0-8000 mg/L)

Powder Pillows

Scope and Application: For oil and gas field waters.

¹ Adapted from Snell and Snell, Colorimetric Methods of Analysis, Vol. II, 769 (1959).

Test procedure



1. Push PRGM.

The display shows

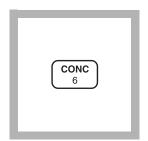
PRGM?

Initial setup: go to "Instrument Setup" on page 3 to add the program to the instrument.



2. Push 125 ENTER.

The display shows mg/L, Ba LR, Ba MR or Ba HR and the ZERO icon.



3. Push **CONC** to select the test range:

Ba LR: 0-80 mg/L Ba MR: 0-800 mg/L Ba HR: 0-8000 mg/L



4. Add the specified sample volume to a clean sample cell:

Ba LR: 10 mL Ba MR: 1.0 mL Ba HR: 0.1 mL

Note:Use a TenSette or glass pipet to measure 0.1 mL or 1.0 mL.



5. If the sample volume is less than 10 mL, add deionized water to the 10-mL line. Tighten the cap on the sample cell and invert to mix.

Note:A 10-mL graduated mixing cylinder can be used in steps 4 and 5.



6. Put the sample cell in the cell holder. Put the instrument cap over the sample cell.



7. Push ZERO.

The cursor moves to the right, then the display shows:

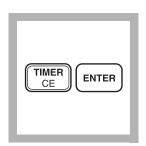
0 mg/L Ba and LR, MR or HR



8. Remove the cap and add the contents of one BariVer Barium Reagent Powder Pillow to the sample cell. Tighten the cap on the cell and invert to mix.

Note: The sample will become cloudy if barium is in the sample.

Note:Accuracy is not affected by undissolved powder.



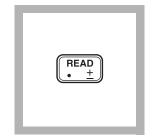
9. Push TIMER ENTER

A 5-minute reaction period starts.

Do not move the sample cell during the reaction period.



10. Within five minutes after the timer beeps, put the prepared sample in the instrument. Put the instrument cap over the sample cell.



11. Push READ.

The cursor moves to the right, then the result in mg/L barium is shown.

Notice! Do not push the **CONC** key at the end of the test to change the range. The result is applicable only to the test range that was selected in step 3.

Clean the sample cells with soap and a brush.

Note:For best results use the Standard Adjust option. Refer to "Standard Adjust" on page 3.

Sampling and Storage

Collect the sample in a clean plastic or glass bottle. Samples can be used for up to 28 days if they are kept at or less than 4 °C (39 °F). Let the sample temperature increase to room temperature before analysis.

Interferences

Known interferences are shown in *Table 1*. The interference levels are applicable to an undiluted 10-mL sample. The interference levels increase proportionally as the sample is diluted.

Table 1 Interferences

Substance	Interference Level
Calcium	10,000 mg/L as CaCO ₃
Sodium chloride	130,000 mg/L as NaCl
Magnesium	100,000 mg/L as CaCO ₃
Silica	500 mg/L as CaCO ₃
Strontium	The interference level is dependent on the sample matrix and the barium concentration. When the barium concentration is zero, there is no interference from strontium. The best results occur when the barium concentration is less than 20 mg/L and when the strontium concentration (as mg/L) is equal to or less than the barium concentration.
Turbidity	Filter samples that have a high level of turbidity

Accuracy Check

Standard Additions Method

Use the standard additions method to validate the test procedure, reagents and instrument and to find if there is an interference in the sample.

- 1. Fill three sample cells with sample as specified in steps 4 and 5 of the test procedure.
- 2. Use a TenSette Pipet to add 0.1, 0.2 and 0.3 mL of a 1000 mg/L Barium Standard Solution to the sample cells. Mix fully.
- 3. Complete the test procedure for each sample.

- **4.** Review the results. The barium concentration should increase by 10 mg/L for Ba LR, 100 mg/L for Ba MR or 1000 mg/L for Ba HR for each 0.1 mL of standard that is added.
- **5.** If the concentration does not increase by the correct amount, refer to Standard Additions in Section 1 of the procedures manual.

Standard Solution Method

Use a 50 mg/L Barium Standard Solution to validate the test procedure, reagents and the instrument. Select the Ba LR test range in step 3 and use 10 mL of the standard solution instead of the sample in step 4. To adjust the result, refer to *Standard Adjust*.

To prepare this standard solution, add 5.0 mL of a 1000 mg/L Barium Standard Solution to a 100-mL volumetric flask. Dilute to the mark with deionized water and mix fully.

Standard Adjust

The standard adjust option is recommended when program 125 is used.

- 1. Measure the concentration of a 50 mg/L Barium Standard Solution. Select the Ba LR range and use 10 mL of the standard solution. Keep the sample cell in the instrument.
- 2. Push the **SETUP** key and use the arrow keys to scroll to the STD option.
- 3. Push ENTER.
- **4.** Push the numbers **50** to make the instrument read the value of the standard solution concentration.
- **5.** Push **ENTER** to complete the adjustment.

Note: The MR and HR calibration curves are adjusted proportionally when the Ba LR calibration curve is adjusted. Refer to Section 1, Standard Curve Adjustment of the procedures manual.

Method Performance

Precision

In a single laboratory, with a 70 mg/L barium standard solution, two representative lots of powder pillows and the instrument, a single operator got a standard deviation of ± 1.2 mg/L barium.

Estimated Detection Limit (EDL)

The EDL for program 125 Ba LR is 2 mg/L Ba. For more information on derivation and use of the estimated detection limit, refer to Section 1 of the procedures manual.

Instrument Setup

This procedure adds program 125 to a DR/820, DR/850 or DR/890 instrument.

- 1. Push the **ON** key to turn on the instrument.
- 2. Push the SETUP key.
- 3. Push the down arrow key until the prompt line shows USER.
- 4. Push the ENTER key.
- 5. Push the numbers 8138, then push ENTER.
- **6.** Refer to *Table 2*. Find the number from the Enter column that corresponds to Line Number 1 on the display. Push these numbers on the keypad, then push **ENTER**. Continue to add the numbers that correspond to each line number on the display.

Note: Use the arrow keys to scroll and review or change numbers at any time.

Table 2 Instrument setup

Line Number	Enter	Line Number	Enter
1	125	29	82
2	24	30	66
3	72	31	97
4	0	32	32
5	0	33	72
6	0	34	82
7	0	35	65
8	0	36	32
9	0	37	0
10	0	38	0
11	0	39	66
12	66	40	200
13	169	41	0
14	125	42	0
15	112	43	0
16	0	44	88
17	0	45	0
18	0	46	3
19	0	47	30
20	66	48	1
21	97	49	44
22	32	50	0
23	76	51	0
24	82	52	0
25	66	53	0
26	97	54	25
27	32	55	0
28	77	56	255

Summary of Method

Barium ions in the sample react with the BariVer 4 Barium Reagent to make a barium sulfate precipitate, which is held in suspension by a protective colloid. The amount of precipitate is proportional to the barium concentration. The BariVer 4 Method is especially useful for brines and produced waters where both barium and sulfate are in the sample and precipitation cannot be started by the addition of more sulfate.

REQUIRED REAGENTS AND APPARATUS

Description	Quantity Per Test	Units	Item No.
BariVer 4 Barium Reagent Powder Pillows	1 pillow	100/pkg	1206499
Sample Cell, 10-20-25 mL, with cap	1	6/pkg	2401906

OPTIONAL REAGENTS

Description	Units	Item No.
Barium Standard Solution, 1000 mg/L	100 mL	1461142
Water, deionized	4 L	27256

OPTIONAL APPARATUS

Description	Units	Item No.
Cylinder, graduated mixing, 10 mL	1	2088638
Filter Paper, folded, 12.5 cm	100/pkg	189457
Flask, volumetric, 100 mL, Class A	1	1457442
Funnel, poly, 65 mm	1	108367
Pipet, TenSette, 0.1 to 1.0 mL	1	1970001
Pipet Tips, for 19700-01 Pipet	50/pkg	2185696
Pipet, TenSette, 1.0 to 10.0 mL	1	1970010
Pipet Tips, for 19700-10 Pipet	50/pkg	2199796
Pipet, volumetric, 5.00 mL, Class A	1	1451537
Pipet Filler, safety bulb	1	1465100

