PART 1 GENERAL

- 1.1 Section includes
 - A. Laser nephelometer for monitoring low-range 0.0 to 5,000 mNTU (0.0 to 5.0 NTU) turbidity.
- 1.2 Measurement Procedures
 - A. The method of measuring turbidity will be nephelometric.
 - 1. A 35 mW solid state, monochromatic, 660 nm laser light will be directed into the sample stream contained within the instrument body. The instrument body contains a light trap to minimize the internal incident light reflections.
 - 2. The light scattered at 90 degrees will be collected and carried through an optical fiber to a remote detection system.
 - B. The method will comply with USEPA approved Hach Method 10133 for measuring turbidity for regulatory drinking water compliance reporting.
 - 1. Reference Federal Register, Vol. 67, No. 209, Section III, October 29, 2002.
- 1.3 Alternates
 - A. Other methods of turbidity measurement, such as those that require a sample cell with glass window that can foul or fog or require air purge, desiccant, cleaning, or cause non-sample scatter of the incident light beam are not acceptable.
- 1.4 System Description
 - A. Performance Requirements
 - 1. Measurement range: 0.000 to 5000 milli-Nephelometric Turbidity Units (mNTU)
 - 2. Accuracy
 - a. ± 3 percent of reading or ± 5 mNTU (whichever is greater) from 0 to 1000 mNTU
 - b. ± 2 percent of reading from 1000 to 5000 mNTU
 - 3. Limit of Detection (LOD): 0.4 mNTU using deionized, reverse osmosis water, based on statistical averages for three instruments and according to the procedure prescribed by ISO Method 15839.
 - 4. Resolution
 - a. For readings up to 9.999 mNTU: 0.001 mNTU
 - b. For readings from 10.00 to 99.99 mNTU: 0.01 mNTU
 - c. For readings from 100.0 to 999.9 mNTU: 0.1mNTU
 - d. For readings from 1000 to 5000 mNTU: 1 mNTU
 - 5. Repeatability
 - a. Better than ± 1.0 % at 24 mNTU as RSD (or as coefficient of variation)
 - b. Better than $\pm 1.0\%$ at 800 mNTU as RSD (or as coefficient of variation)
 - c. Better than \pm 1.0% at 5000 mNTU as RSD (or as coefficient of variation)
- 1.5 Certifications
 - A. Light source: Class 1 laser product; with embedded 10 mW, 660 nm, Class 3B laser source complies with 21 CFR 1040.10 and 1040.11. FDA Laser Accession No. 9911570.

- 1.6 Environmental Requirements
 - A. Operational Criteria
 - 1. Sample flow rate: 100 to 750 mL/minute (1.6 to 11.9 gallons/hour)
 - 2. Sample temperature: 0 to 50 degrees C (32 to 122 degrees F)
 - 3. Operating temperature: 0 to 40 degrees C (32 to 104 degrees F)
 - 4. Operating humidity: 5 to 99 percent non-condensing
- 1.7 Warranty
 - A. The product includes a one-year warranty on the FT660 sc sensor and a two-year warranty on the sc100 controller from the date of shipment.
- 1.8 Maintenance Service
 - A. Scheduled maintenance:
 - 1. Calibration with formazin-based standards
 - B. Unscheduled maintenance
 - 1. Clean instrument enclosure
 - 2. Clean bubble trap
 - 3. Clean or replace laser module
 - 4. Clean or replace detection system

PART 2 PRODUCTS

2.1 Manufacturer

- A. Hach Company, Loveland, CO
 - 1. Model FilterTrak 660 sc Laser Nephelometer
 - 2. Model sc100 Controller
- 2.2 Manufactured Unit
 - A. The FilterTrak 660 sc Laser Nephelometer consists of a 660 nm laser diode with closed loop intensity control light source, detection system, bubble trap, and internal light trap.
 - B. The sc100 controller is microprocessor-based with non-volatile memory backup (EEPROM).
 - C. The sc100 controller contains the DC power supply.
 - D. The sc100 controller is housed in a NEMA 4X enclosure made of polycarbonate face panel, epoxy-coated cast aluminum door and case, and stainless steel hardware.

2.3 Equipment

- A. The FilterTrak 660 sc nephelometer operates using 10.8 to 13.5 Vdc, 1.5 VA power.
- B. The FilterTrak 660 sc nephelometer operates continuously.
- C. The sample stream into the FilterTrak 660 sc nephelometer flows through an internal bubble trap.
- D. The FilterTrak 660 sc nephelometer provides user selectable signal averaging, bubble rejection, alarm and recorder output hold, and self-test diagnostics.
- E. The FilterTrak 660 sc nephelometer provides a secondary measurement parameter denoted "RSD". RSD provides a quantative assessment of measurement baseline fluctuation. Measurement baseline

fluctuation is often a precursor to an ensuing turbidity spike and is a complementary response to a turbidity spike.

- F. The sc100 controller is capable of functioning with one or two FilterTrak 660 sc nephelometers.
- G. The graphical display of the sc100 controller has the following characteristics.
 - 1. Liquid crystal display (LCD), 128 x 64 pixel dot matrix with backlighting
 - 2. Character height:
 - a. Main display: 1/2-inch (13 mm)
 - b. Auxiliary display: 1/8-inch (3 mm)
 - 3. Menu screens contain up to six lines of conversational text.
 - 4. The screen is readable in full sunlight.
- H. The sc100 controller displays a single reading or dual reading simultaneously.
- I. The sc100 controller displays auxiliary information.
 - 1. Analog output values
 - 2. Date and time
 - 3. Relay status
 - 4. Diagnostic warnings
 - 5. Error messages
- J. The sc100 controller provides user-selectable signal averaging, bubble removal, alarm and recorder output hold, and self-test diagnostics.
- K. The sc100 controller will let operators control sensor and interface functions with menu-driven software
- L. The sc100 controller will be able to transfer data to a computer or printer via direct Modbus[®] or LonWorks[®] communications.
 - 1. Support of other networking protocols can be added without modification to the hardware.
- M. The sc100 controller will be able to transfer information directly into a laptop computer or Personal Digital Assistant (PDA) via a wireless IR Port using Integrated Infared Data Access (IrDA).
- N. The sc100 controller will have a built-in data logger to store data on 15-minute intervals for up to 6 months with two sensors per controller.
- O. The sc100 controller will include two isolated 0 to 20 mA or 4-20 mA analog outputs.
 - 1. Resolution: 0.005 mA (12-bit).
 - 2. Able to drive up to 600 ohm loads.
 - 3. Values can be entered to define the endpoints for minimum and maximum output mA.
 - 4. A selected output can hold a preset value or remain active to respond to measurements during calibration events.
- P. The sc100 controller will include three set-point alarms, each equipped with SPDT relay with unpowered contacts rated at 5A.

2.4 Components

- A. Standard equipment:
 - 1. Nephelometer sensor head
 - 2. Nephelometer body
 - 3. Digital controller
 - 4. Manual
 - 5. Quick reference card
- B. Dimensions
 - 1. Nephelometer
 - a. 12 inches (30.5 cm) wide
 - b. 16 inches (40.6 cm) high
 - c. 10 inches (25.4 cm) deep

- 2. Controller
 - a. 5.7 inches wide
 - b. 5.7 inches high
 - c. 5.9 inches deep
- C. Shipping weight: 16.9 pounds (7.7 kg)
- D. Connectors
 - 1. Nephelometer
 - a. Sample inlet fitting: 0.25-inch NPT female, 0.25-inch compression fitting
 - b. Drain fitting: 0.5-inch NPT female, 0.5-inch hose barb
 - 2. Controller
 - a. Three 0.5-inch conduit holes
 - b. Nylon mounting bracket

2.5 Accessories

- A. StablCal[®] calibration standards
- B. FT660 Nephelometer calibration kit
- C. StablCal verification standards.
- D. Floor stand

PART 3 EXECUTION

- 3.1 Preparation
 - A. Wall mount
 - B. Clearances: sufficient space to remove head assembly for calibration/cleaning.
 - C. Storage temperature: -20 to 60 degrees C (-4 to 140 degrees F)
- 3.2 Installation
 - A. Contractor will install the turbidimeter in strict accordance with the manufacturer's instructions and recommendation.
 - B. Manufacturer's representative will include a half-day of start-up service by a factory-trained technician.
 - 1. Contractor will schedule a date and time for start-up.
 - 2. Contractor will require the following people to be present during the start-up procedure. a. General contractor
 - b. Hach Company factory trained representative
 - c. Owner's personnel
- 3.3 Manufacturer's Service and Start-Up
 - A. Contractor will include the manufacturer's services to perform start-up on instrument to include basic operational training and certification of performance of the instrument.
 - B. Contractor will include a manufacturer's Service Agreement that covers all the manufacturer's recommended preventative maintenance, regularly scheduled calibration and any necessary repairs beginning from the time of equipment startup through to end user acceptance / plant turnover and the first 12 months of end-user operation post turnover.

- C. Items A and B are to be performed by manufacturer's factory-trained service personnel. Field service and factory repair by personnel not employed by the manufacturer is not allowed.
- D. Use of manufacturer's service parts and reagents is required. Third-party parts and reagents are not approved for use.

END OF SECTION