pH Measurement in TRIS Buffers with IntelliCAL™ pH Ultra Probes

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Tris-(hydroxymethyl)-aminomethane ($C_4H_{11}NO_3$; M=121,14 g/mol) is a common buffer for biochemical, microbiological and pharmaceutical purposes. TRIS has a wide buffer capacity from pH 7.2 to 9.0, although the acidity constant is temperature dependent (pK_s = -0.031 K⁻¹).

Bio-scientists and molecular biologists use TRIS frequently since it does not react with inhibiting enzymes, making it excellent for use for in-vitro experiments. Some standard mixtures of TRIS commonly used contain HCl or EDTA. Due to the high reactivity of the amino group, TRIS is not typically used for chemical applications.

Why Use a Special pH Electrode for TRIS Buffers?

The standard Ag/AgCl reference, part of the normal pH electrode, has only one liquid junction and an electrolyte of KCl with traces of Ag⁺ ions. A problem arises when proteins and related substances come in contact with the Ag⁺ ions forming precipitates in the liquid junction area that inhibit electrolyte flow. This causes errors in pH measurement due to high liquid junction potentials and can also affect response times.

The alternative, a Calomel-reference electrode, uses mercury and is not recommended. Therefore a double junction reference electrode is the only choice. HACH's new IntelliCAL™ pH Ultra Probe (PHC281) uses a double junction design with an outer electrolyte free of Ag⁺ ions.

To measure performance of the pH Ultra Probe, an internal test was conducted over 2 weeks with continuous operation in TRIS-HCl buffer solution and IUPAC pH buffers 4.01 and 10.012.

Figure 1: Slope (%) of pH Ultra Probe (PHC281) vs. time in TRIS-HCl

Calibration data (pH 4.01 and pH 10.012) of PHC281 LIS pH probe while stored in TRIS-HCI Buffer between calibrations

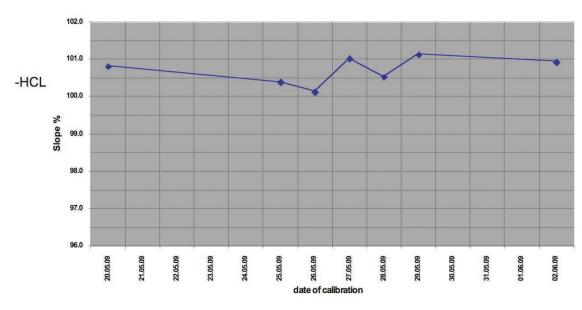
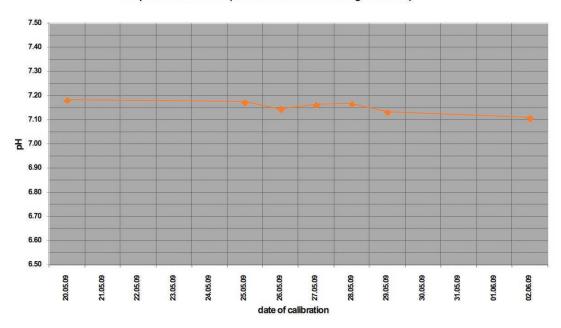




Figure 2: Zero mV of pH Ultra Probe (PHC281) vs. time

Zero pH of PHC281 vs. time (stored in TRIS-HCI buffer during calibrations)



During 2 weeks of storage in TRIS-HCl buffer solution with pH 9.00, there is no recognizable influence on pH measurement or response time. The calibration data is within normal limits and the pH Ultra Probe showed correlating data. No precipitation could be seen inside the electrode nor any recognizable blocking of the junction.

An additional study with the pH Ultra Probe in TRIS-HCl buffer (pH 9) with the addition of BSA (a protein), showed after two weeks storage in that solution no precipitation of TRIS-Ag or BSA-complexes building up on the pH Ultra Probe. There were no changes in calibration data from the beginning of the experiment until the end.

In summary, Hach recommends the pH Ultra Probe for use in such media.

Maintenance

In order to maintain optimal performance of the pH Ultra Probe in TRIS applications, thoroughly rinse the probe after sample measurement with deionized (DI) water. After cleaning, the probe should be stored in the protection cap containing the 2.44M KCI filling solution.

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