Bank Australia Impact Term Deposit Framework

August 2022





Introduction

This document is the Bank Australia Limited framework for the Impact Term Deposit pilot taking place in 2022-23. Bank Australia's purpose is to inspire and empower our customers to use their money to create a world where people and the planet thrive. We are customer owned, and we aim to be Australia's most trusted bank and a leading purpose-driven business. As the first Australian member of the Global Alliance for Banking on Values and a certified B Corporation, we're committed to using banking as a force for good. We have a Responsible Banking Policy that outlines how we do this through our lending and investments and ensures we prioritise our community, the environment, sustainability and serving the real economy.

Global Alliance for Banking on Values

In 2014, we became the first Australian member of the Global Alliance for Banking on Values (GABV). The GABV is an independent network of banking leaders from around the world committed to advancing positive change in the banking sector. Its more than 60 member banks all have a common goal of using finance to deliver sustainable economic, social and environmental development.

B Corporation

Certified B Corporations are businesses that meet the highest standards of verified social and environmental performance, public transparency, and accountability to balance profit and purpose. In 2020, we were proud to have our decades of work for people and planet recognised by becoming a certified B Corporation.

Responsible Banking Policy

Our Responsible Banking Policy informs everything we do, from the businesses we loan to, where we invest money, and the organisations we do business with. Our policy is approved by our board and guides how we achieve our purpose through our lending and investments. It ensures we prioritise our community, the environment, sustainability and serving the real economy.



The Sustainable Development Goals and our impact finance strategy

The Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs) are 17 global goals set by the United Nations with a target date of 2030. They are described as a blueprint to achieve a better and more sustainable future for all, and each goal includes specific targets for the world to work towards.

Bank Australia has an impact finance strategy to grow our assets with a positive impact for people and planet. Our impact finance strategy uses the SDGs as a guide and identifies key SDGs that align with both our capabilities and the positive impacts our customers want to see.

Our Impact Term Deposit Framework is aligned to the SDGs and describes how our lending activities align to three of the goals:

- SDG 10 Reduced Inequalities
- SDG 11 Sustainable Cities and Communities, and
- SDG 15 Life on Land

Bank Australia conservation reserve

Bank Australia owns a 2117-hectare conservation reserve comprised of four properties on biodiverse Australian bushland which is protected from development forever. We purchased the first of our three properties in 2008, as a way of acting on customer concerns about climate change and environmental sustainability.

Since 2008, we have been working to restore the properties and to learn more about the unique ecology so that we can find ways to best protect the reserve's unique habitat and the 227 native plant and 270 native animal species that call the reserve home. Working with our partners, Greening Australia and Trust for Nature, we want to see the reserve become a thriving example of science-based conservation in action. More information about our conservation reserve and how it relates to new home constructions we finance is included in the appendix.

Bank Australia Impact Term Deposit Framework

Bank Australia Impact Term Deposit Framework

Bank Australia's Impact Term Deposit Framework follows the four pillars of the 2021 versions of the ICMA Green Bond Principles, Social Bond Principles and Sustainability Bond Guidelines:

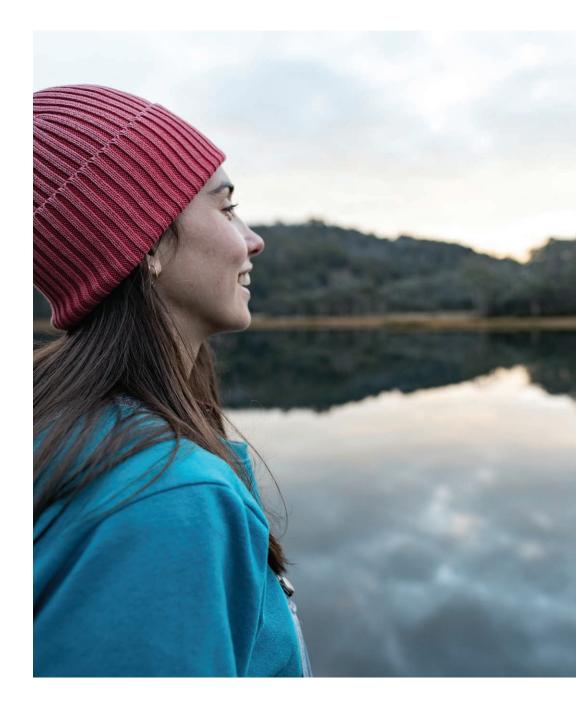
1. Use of proceeds

- 2. Process for asset evaluation and selection
- 3. Management of proceeds
- 4. Reporting

Use of proceeds

The key element of the framework is how eligible proceeds from the Impact Term Deposit product are used. Eligible proceeds are funds invested in an Impact Term Deposit during the pilot that meet the terms and conditions of the product.

Eligible proceeds are used to refinance or finance assets that meet the eligibility criteria below. These assets align with either a green or social category under the Green Bond Principles or Social Bond Principles, as well as one of three SDGs.



Eligibility criteria

SDG	SDG target	Green Bond Principles /Social Bond Principles category	Eligible Asset type	Eligibility Criteria
10 REDUCED INEQUALITIES	10.2 By 2030, empower and promote the social, economic and political inclusion of	Socioeconomic advancement and empowerment	Commercial loan: Charity loans	Commercial loans to charities registered by the Australian Charities and Not for Profits Commission in the education, health care, social inclusion, or special needs sectors.
	all, irrespective of age, sex, disability, race, ethnicity, origin, religion or economic or other status		Commercial loan: Specialist Disability Accommodation loans	Commercial loans for the purpose of building, operating or funding Specialist Disability Accommodation operated by a provider registered with the National Disability Insurance Agency.
11 SUSTAINABLE CITIES ADD COMMUNITIES	11.1 By 2030, ensure access for all to adequate, safe and affordabl housing and basic services and	Affordable housing	Commercial loan: Community housing	Secured commercial loans to NFP Registered Community Housing organisations registered with and regulated by State or Federal Government entities.
	upgrade slums		Residential mortgages: Affordable housing schemes	Residential mortgage assets originated as part of government sponsored and administered affordable housing programs. These include shared equity, land rent schemes where the borrowers meet certain maximum income qualifying criteria.
	11.3 By 2030, enhance inclusive	Green buildings	Residential mortgages: Green mortgages	Residential mortgages that meet one of the following green criteria:
	and sustainable urbanisation and capacity for participatory, integrated and sustainable			 For homes constructed after 31 December 2018, a rating of 7 Stars or higher calculated using software accredited under the Nationwide House Energy Rating Scheme; or
	human settlement planning and management in all countries			 A one-star uplift in the property's star rating on the Residential Efficiency Scorecard;
				 Property upgrades, including installation of a solar PV system of at least 5kW or the minimum size required by the Climate Bonds Initiative standards for Australia.

Eligibility criteria (continued)

SDG	SDG target	Green Bond Principles /Social Bond Principles category	Eligible Asset type	Eligibility Criteria
15 LIFE ON LAND	15.1 By 2020, ensure the conservation, restoration and sustainable use of terrestrial and inland freshwater ecosystems and their services, in particular forests, wetlands, mountains and drylands, in line with obligations under international agreements	Environmentally sustainable management of living natural resources and land use	Residential mortgages: conservation reserve- backed construction loans and associated ongoing mortgage loans	 Residential mortgages where Bank Australia is currently funding construction, or funded the initial construction, since 1 July 2020. These residential mortgage loans: are for properties in the states of Victoria, New South Wales and Tasmania meeting a high environmental standard given the date and place of construction and compliance with prevailing building standards, and have protected land in Bank Australia's conservation reserve that is equal to the size of building lots of all new homes constructed allowing borrowers to mitigate the impact of their building activity. More information on the Bank Australia conservation reserve is contained in the appendix.



Exclusion criteria

Our Responsible Banking Policy has negative screens that exclude us from providing any loans to:

- The fossil fuel industry
- · Intensive animal farming and the live export industry
- The gambling industry
- The arms industry
- · The tobacco industry

Process for asset evaluation and selection

Bank Australia's Managing Director approves this framework, has ultimate responsibility for the Eligible Asset Register and approves all use of funds for Bank Australia's Impact Term Deposit. The Managing Director does this based on recommendations from Bank Australia's Responsible Banking Committee.

The Responsible Banking Committee is an executive committee that oversees Bank Australia's approach to responsible banking, including our Responsible Banking Policy, our B Corporation certification, our Impact Finance business, governance of our Sustainability Bond Framework, and governance of the Impact Term Deposit Framework.

For both new and existing issuances, the Responsible Banking Committee oversees the eligible asset selection process, taking into account:

- · conformance with the eligible categories set out above;
- alignment with the Green Bond Principles, Social Bond Principles and Sustainability Bond Guidelines;
- conformance with Bank Australia's Responsible Banking Policy;
- Bank Australia's own professional judgement, discretion and sustainability knowledge; and
- where Bank Australia chooses, conformance with any other principles, standards or tools that may otherwise become commonplace in the market.

Process for asset evaluation and selection (continued)

Assets that do not meet the above will not be considered eligible assets. If an eligible asset no longer meets the eligibility criteria set out in this framework, then it will no longer be deemed an eligible asset and the value of eligible assets will reduce by the value of this asset.

The Responsible Banking Committee will also oversee the process for determining eligibility of potential new assets as eligible assets. This determination will follow the same process as above. If the Responsible Banking Committee determine that a potential asset qualifies as an eligible asset, then it will recommend to the Managing Director it be deemed an Eligible Asset and included in the next Use of Proceeds Report.

During the Impact Term Deposit pilot period, the Responsible Banking Committee will include on its standing agenda a review of the relevant elements of the framework including, but not limited to:

- reviewing potential eligible assets for completeness, suitability and valuation and confirming eligibility of potential eligible assets;
- · reviewing the total balance of Impact Term Deposits under the pilot product; and
- reviewing alignment of the framework against the Green Bond Principles, Social Bond Principles and Sustainability Bond Guidelines.

Management of proceeds

Bank Australia will track the balance of Impact Term Deposit accounts via its internal reporting systems, ensuring all eligible assets in the Impact Term Deposit during the pilot are appropriately identified with monitoring reports provided quarterly to the Responsible Banking Committee.

To ensure appropriate earmarking for the purpose of internal monitoring and external reporting of proceeds, Bank Australia has established a register that contains all eligible assets in the Impact Term Deposit and the drawn value of the eligible assets.

For the pilot, the eligible asset register will not be subject to external assurance review.

To the extent that any proceeds from an Impact Term Deposit have not been, at issuance or, during the life of the term deposit, applied directly to refinance or finance eligible assets ("unallocated proceeds"), those proceeds may be invested in green, social or sustainability debt securities issued by Government or semi-Government entities.



Disclosure and reporting

We recognise the importance investors place on transparency and disclosure relating to Impact Term Deposit and we will make the following information available at: <u>bankaust.com.au/impact-term-deposit</u>.

Disclosure item	Timing
Framework	Once off: at the time of first issuance under this Framework, or for subsequent issuances if the Framework is amended
Use of Proceeds Report	At least once during the Impact Term Deposit pilot period
Impact Reporting	At least once during the Impact Term Deposit pilot period

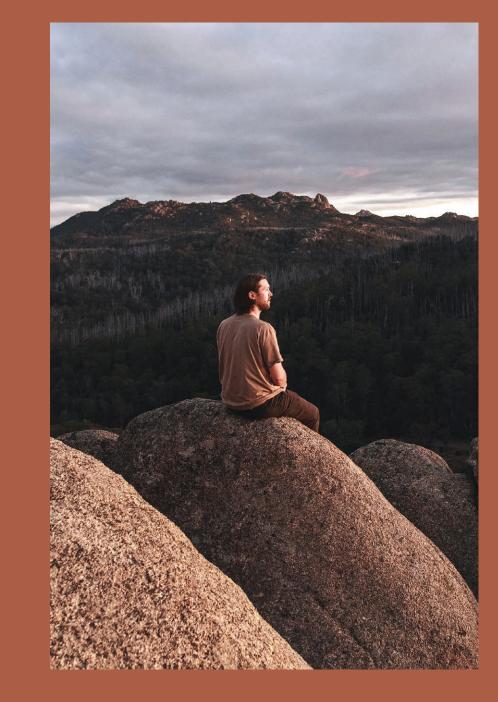
Impact reporting

A range of impact measures will be used for the different types of loan assets included as eligible assets as the Responsible Banking Committee deems appropriate and where the data is available from the borrowers and permitted to be disclosed. The table below is not considered exhaustive and reported metrics may be supplemented with qualitative information as appropriate.

Eligible asset type	Indicative impact criteria
Commercial loan: Charity & not- for-profit (NFP) loans	Number and types of charities being supported
Commercial loan: Specialist Disability Accommodation loans	Number of homes built for people with complex care needs
Commercial loan: Community housing	Number of homes built for people who need social or affordable housing
Residential mortgages: Affordable housing schemes	Number of households supported into home ownership
Residential mortgages: Green mortgages	Greenhouse gas emissions avoided
Residential mortgages: conservation reserve-backed	Number of homes built to a high environmental standard
construction loans and associated ongoing	Total land area on the conservation reserve allocated to balancing the impact of construction loans
mortgage loans	Scorecard reporting on progress towards longer term conservation objectives during reporting period

Document history

Date	Details	Review date
04/10/2022	Framework endorsed by the Responsible Banking Committee and approved by the Managing Director	30/6/2023



Bank Australia Impact Term Deposit Framework

Bank Australia's conservation reserve encompasses 2117 hectares of biodiverse Australian bushland in the Western Wimmera region of Victoria, Australia. We purchased the first of our three properties in 2008, as a way of acting on customer concerns about climate change and environmental sustainability. The properties are protected from development forever by legal covenant. Since 2008, we have been working to restore the properties and to learn more about the ecology so that we can find ways to best protect the reserve's unique habitat and the 227 native plant and 270 native animal species that call it home.



To ensure that the bank stays on the cutting edge of conservation and that the reserve is managed effectively and safely we partner with not-for-profit organisations Greening Australia and Trust for Nature to implement our current 10-year strategic vision for the reserve. The strategy includes focusing on several priority endangered species as well as a range of specific conservation, climate change resilience and community engagement objectives.

More information on the Bank Australia conservation reserve including our vision for the future is contained here: <u>https://www.bankaust.com.au/responsible-banking/planet/conservation-reserve</u>

Bank Australia acknowledges that the conservation reserve is on the traditional lands of the Wotjobaluk, Jaadwa, Jadawadjali, Wergaia and Jupagalk peoples and we pay respects to their elders past, present and emerging.

Construction Loan Process

We protect land in the reserve that is equal to the size of building lots of all new home constructions we finance. When a customer takes out a construction loan with us we flag this loan as a conservation reserve asset in our systems.

The size of land on which the home is being built is recorded in the loan record. When construction is completed and converts to a mortgage loan we continue to track it in our systems as a conservation reserve loan. The aggregate size of the construction loans funded is monitored on an ongoing basis against the total size of the reserve. This provides borrowers who undertake construction loans and then retain a mortgage with us a unique opportunity to balance out the environmental impact of their construction activity. Over time, the reserve will be planted as needed and may be expanded to cover the loss of land associated with further new housing construction.

Eligible Asset Selection Criteria

The bank began registering the land size of construction loans financed when the conservation reserve was first purchased in 2008. However, the Eligible Asset Pool includes a smaller subset of these loans that are financed from 1 July 2020. This is to ensure the homes constructed are of high environmental quality given their location and date of construction.

