

HSA, FSA & HRA

Understanding the Key Differences & Similarities Between these Tax-Advantaged Tools

Health Savings Accounts (HSAs), Flexible Spending Accounts (FSAs), and Health Reimbursement Accounts (HRAs) provide funds for qualifying medical expenses and are easily confused. My Benefit Advisor makes understanding the differences, similarities and advantages of each easier.



Health Savings Accounts

HSAs were created for use with a qualifying high-deductible health plan (HDHP). HDHP plan premiums are lower, but potential out-of-pocket expenses are much higher.



Flexible Spending Accounts

There are three types of FSAs offered through employers. Enrollment occurs during the organization's annual enrollment period. Funds may be forfeit if not used within their designated time period.



Health Reimbursement Arrangements

HRAs are employer-based and help employees pay for qualified medical expenses. The employer determines the contribution amount, as well as when it can be used and what expenses qualify.



For more information about HSAs, FSAs, or HRAs, please contact your

My Benefit Advisor representative or visit us online at www.mybenefitadvisor.com



HSA, FSA, and HRA in Summary

Key Similarities & Differences	HSA	FSA	HRA
The account is owned by the employee rather than employer			
The employee must be enrolled through their employer			
Funds are used to pay for qualified medical expenses			
Employees can contribute on a pre-tax basis			
Funds can be used to pay for the employee's monthly premium			
Contributions may be tax deductible			
Only employers can contribute			
Available to employees with employer health insurance only			
Employees w/ family coverage can contribute more			
Account is portable if the employee leaves			
Account balance can be carried over each year			
Funds can be invested tax-free			
Funds are available for use after retirement			